

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, SEPT. 20, 1894.

NUMBER 4.

NEW

CLOAKS and CAPES,

NEW

DRY GOODS,

NEW

CLOTHING,

NEW

BOOTS and SHOES,

NEW

HATS and CAPS,

New

FURNISHING GOODS.

Every department is full of new goods.

The styles are right and the prices we guarantee to be right.

When you have a little spare time call and ask to see the new goods, whether you wish to purchase or not.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

WE ARE

Offering some great Bargains in

Dinner and Tea Sets and Glassware,

And have just received our stock of **LAMPS**, and have them all the way in price from 15c to \$15.

If you are looking for **FURNITURE** be sure and see us as we are headquarters.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Cheapest place to have pictures framed.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gloves and Mittens.

New fall goods arriving every day. Newest and latest styles. Prices to suit the times.

GROCERIES.

2 packages yeast for 5c
Good roasted coffee 17c per pound
The best 30c tea in town
A good fine cut or plug chewing tobacco at 25c per pound
3 cans good salmon for 25c
Bring your butter and eggs where you get the highest market price.

Boston Baking Powder 20c per pound
2 good brooms for 25c
Try a pound of Black Cross Japan Tea at 50c It is fine.
Fine N O molasses 25c per gallon

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

*** Artistic Granite Memorials. ***
Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

Sylvan Township Schools.

A glance at the report of the several school directors of Sylvan township, which have just been made to the township clerk, shows that the township has a total number of pupils amounting to 680, which are divided as follows:

District No. 2.....	40
District No. 3, fr.....	417
District No. 4.....	50
District No. 5, fr.....	29
District No. 6, fr.....	26
District No. 7.....	51
District No. 10.....	25
District No. 11.....	33

The number of school houses in the township is 8, with a seating capacity of 716, and the total valuation of school buildings is \$20,000.

The reports show that 8 male teachers have been employed during the past year at a cost of \$910 and 20 female teachers have been employed at salaries amounting to \$4,192.

Fair Items.

The fair season is drawing nearer at hand each week, the air becomes more fall like with each succeeding day, and we can almost feel the thrilling emotions awakened by the hustling, bustling crowds, and in imagination almost hear the sweet refrains of stirring music on the floating air. The new fair books are now ready, any one wishing to secure one write to our secretary, Mr. S. L. Gage, or by coming to Chelsea can get one at any store in town. We will send a great many through the mail. If you do not get one let us know at once.

Our attractions at the fair this year are many. There is to be given away, to the person guessing nearest its weight, a splendid steel forty foot tower wind-mill, conditions of guessing made known at time of fair. October 10th Mr. Thos. E. Barkworth, the Democratic nominee for Congress from this district will address us at the fair grounds, and on October 11th, Gen. Geo. Spaulding, of Munroe, republican nominee for Congress, this district, will give us an address. For these dates we have secured one of the most successful balloonists to make an ascension each day. Look for the large posters giving full descriptions of same. We hope also to secure the candidate on the Prohibition ticket for congress for this district, to make us a speech on the 12th, the last day of the fair.

We will have fine horse racing every day of the fair, one race will be of especial interest. A purse of \$200 is put in this free-for-all trotting. Therefore I think there will be good work in this race.

We intend to make Oct. 12th School day with its many attractions. You will hear of this later on. We will have fine music, both vocal and instrumental each day. Do not miss this new feature of our exhibition. We will have bicycle races for ladies and bicycle races for gentlemen. We have something for everybody, which time and space will not permit to mention but be sure and come and see for yourself.

M. A. LOWRY, Pres.

Democratic Caucus.

There will be a Democratic caucus held in the Town Hall on Saturday, September 22, 1894, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing delegates to the Legislative Convention to be held in Ann Arbor, on the 27th day of September, 1894.

Dated, Chelsea, Mich., Sept. 17, 1894.

Geo. W. Beckwith,
Chairman Township Com.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Sept. 17, 1894.

Miss Lydia Rummell.

Miss Rassin Menials.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

Geo. S. Laird P. M.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

WE AIM

To make a customer every time we sell a bill of goods. We don't expect to do this by simply quoting low prices, but by **SELLING** as we advertise and selling the best that we can buy. Consequently we do **NOT** aim

AT YOUR HEART.

But at **YOUR POCKETBOOK**, which is the most sensitive part during these times. Keep posted on our prices. We are always the lowest and have never made a greater effort to secure your patronage by **SOLE MERIT** than we are making now.

Our Teas and Coffees

Sell

The Second Time.

That is where the quality comes in. It is a simple manner to make the first sale but when our customers keep coming back after them it is indisputable evidence that the quality and price are right.

Very Low Prices

On

Silver-Ware and Jewelry.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

**THE
LATEST
IN**

MILLINERY.

**New Fall and Winter Goods Received
this week.**

Latest Styles, Best Quality and Lowest Prices.

MRS. STAFFAN,
Durand & Hatch Block, - - Chelsea, Mich.

A HOMELY

But wise philosopher has said when a man gets to going down hill all nature seems to be

"Greased for the Occasion."

Nothing inspires confidence more than neatness. If a man out of work looks shabby, the fact will work to his injury when he applies for employment. In order to

Slide Up Hill

No better way can be found than by fitting yourself out tastily at our Merchant Tailoring Establishment. You will be surprised how cheaply this can be done. The goods look extravagant, but there's no extravagance in the price. **SEEING MEANS BUYING.**

J. J. RAFTREY, Chelsea, Mich.

Central Meat Market!

The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Meat Market. In beef products we handle nothing except home-fatted cattle of the best quality. In pork products you will find honest sausage and pure kettle rendered lard. Try our surar cured hams and bacons. They are fine. All kinds of sausage, prime lamb and choice veal. If you want good meats give me your order. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.

Subscribe

for the

Chelsea Herald.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

DR. SWAYZE B. L. MERRILL dropped dead in the Illinois Central depot in Chicago from heart disease.

HEAVY frosts were reported in several of the western states.

THOMAS OSBORN and Marcus Murphy quarreled over hogs at Polkville, Ky., and killed each other.

MR. AND MRS. ORSON HIGGINS were killed and a little girl fatally injured by a train at Putnam, N. Y.

By a large majority the New York constitutional convention struck out the \$5,000 limitation which may be recovered in case of death by accident.

At Cedar Rapids, Ia., Judge Shiras decided contracts exempting railroad corporations from liability for fires are not against public policy.

HEAVY rains have benefited corn and vegetation generally according to United States weather bureau reports.

TWO MASKED highwaymen held up a stage coach near Phoenix, Ari., and relieved the passengers of their valuables and \$500 in money.

PETER JACKSON refused to sign articles for a fight with Corbett before the Sioux City (Ia.) club, and has drawn down his stake money.

W. D. PINKSTON, secretary-treasurer of the Western Iron Works company of Butte, Mont., is \$12,000 short.

WAR between the cattle and sheep men has again broken out in Colorado. Three thousand sheep were driven over a cliff near Grand Junction and a herder was fatally injured.

ALGERNON H. WILCOX, who was said to have made \$1,400,000 by fraudulent land schemes, was arrested in New York.

FIVE valuable imported stallions owned by M. W. Dunham were killed by lightning at Wayne, Ill.

THE G. A. R. encampment at Pittsburgh listened to reports of officers and decided on Louisville as the next place of meeting. The report of Commander in Chief Adams showed that 7,383 veterans died during the past year, leaving the total membership 369,083.

REV. DR. CHARLES S. POMEROY, for twenty-one years pastor of the Second Presbyterian church in Cleveland, dropped dead in his home. He was 60 years old.

At the third annual meeting in Kansas City of the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo William E. Barnes, of St. Louis, was elected grand snark.

THE Citizens' bank at Rossville, Ill., was robbed of \$10,000 by a man who secured an entrance during the noon hour.

THE Mehrkof Brick Manufacturing company of Little Ferry, N. J., went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$127,500.

ISAAC N. WOLCOTT, a wealthy farmer living near Chestnut, Ill., killed his wife, who had begun suit for divorce, and then blew off his own head with a shotgun.

THE Post Office Clerks' National association in session at Boston elected Benjamin Parkhurst, of Washington, as president.

MARSHALL H. ABBOTT, an extensive real estate operator at Salem, Mass., failed, with liabilities estimated at \$500,000.

NEAR Charleston, Mo., a train was hurled from the track by a cyclone and two passengers were killed and a score injured, a number fatally.

G. C. DE BRONKART, the Belgian consul at Denver, died suddenly while visiting in Chicago.

NORTH MEMPHIS, Tenn., was swept by a tornado in which one man was killed and two others injured and a property loss of \$250,000 inflicted.

MASKED men tarred and feathered Rev. Charles Clancey, of Frontier, Mich., and then rolled him down a steep hill.

JOSEPH BECHTELHEIMER and his wife received probably fatal injuries in a runaway accident near Young America, Ind.

THE directors of the Western Union Telegraph company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent. payable October 1.

On the Terre Haute (Ind.) track Alix trotted a mile in 2:04, equaling the world's record of Nancy Hanks. Carbonate lowered the 2-year-old record to 2:10.

THE drought has left an epidemic of typhoid fever through all the Upper Miami valley in Ohio. At Piqua in one day eleven corpses were awaiting burial.

BUCK HARLAN, a notorious counterfeiter, was captured by secret service men near Shelbyville, Ind.

At Terre Haute, Ind., Fantasy lowered the record for 4-year-old mares, trotting the mile in 2:06, beating her own time one second.

WILLIAM ENOCHS, of Martinsville, Ind., was driven from his home by white caps for alleged cruelty to his wife.

THE Norwegian steamship Forbuna, from Java, landed in Philadelphia Arthur Vincent, a New York boy, who had circled the globe without a cent of money. He left New York two years ago at the age of 14.

UNITED STATES engineers were considering the plan of connecting Lake Superior with the Mississippi river by a canal.

SIX bicycle records were broken at Springfield, Mass. Titus rode 26 miles against time, making twenty new marks.

COL. THOMAS G. LAWLER, of Rockford, Ill., was elected commander in chief of the G. A. R. at the Pittsburgh encampment. The Daughters of Veterans elected Mrs. Ellen M. Walker, of Worcester, Mass., as president, and the Woman's Relief Corps selected as president Mrs. Emma R. Wallace, of Chicago.

MR. AND MRS. J. C. FETTERS were killed at Edon, O., by a Wabash train an hour after their wedding.

OVER thirty buildings were consumed by fire in San Francisco, the loss being \$100,000.

THE custom of publishing in newspapers the list of unclaimed letters at postoffices has been abandoned, congress having failed to make a sufficient appropriation for the purpose.

In a suit at Bloomington, Ill., Judge Tipton ruled that druggists, dry goods and grocery dealers were not compelled to sell to colored people.

H. B. MORGAN, postmaster at Peoria, Ill., refused to deliver out-of-town newspapers not bearing postage of a cent a copy.

BERNARD TOKER was shot and killed at Connellsville, Pa., and his wife Mary fatally wounded by Franz Morris, a 18-year-old boy that they had befriended. The lad stole \$13 and escaped.

OFFICIAL returns of the Arkansas state election held September 3 show that over one-half of the counties in the state voted against liquor license.

STATISTICS compiled by the bureau of statistics show that during August the exports of breadstuffs amounted to \$10,851,336, against \$22,630,348 a year ago, and for the eight months ending August last to \$85,348,714, against \$139,361,102 for the corresponding period of 1893.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 14th aggregated \$853,263,145, against \$794,382,538 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 7.8.

SAM JOHNSON, a 21-year-old negro, sold himself to Col. Stark Oliver at Selma, Ala., for \$80.

THERE were 207 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 14th, against 215 the week previous and 314 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE forest fires in Wisconsin were extinguished by the first heavy rain that has fallen since June.

JAMES BARRETT was hanged at Eddy, N. M., for the murder of John Hollihan at Seven Rivers.

ENOCH DAVIS, who killed his wife, was shot at Lehi, Utah, he having chosen that mode of execution in preference to hanging.

At Terre Haute, Ind., Robert J. paced a mile in 2:01 1/2, breaking all records. Carbonate put the 2-year-old mark at 2:09, and John R. Gentry cut the stallion record to 2:08 1/2 in a race.

In accordance with a recently enacted law Judge Lippincott, of Jersey City, refused to receive a plea of guilty made by a murderer.

THOMAS TAYLOR, 38 years of age, killed his wife, who was 25 years old, in Washington by shooting her and then shot himself. Jealousy was the cause.

A BOTTLE of pop exploded at St. Joseph, Mo., and put out the eyes of William Gardner, aged 3 years.

THE first snow of the season fell at Omaha, Neb.

ADAM FOREPAUGH's circus stranded at Bluffton, O., on account of no funds to pay employees.

WHILE planting flowers in a cemetery at Homeworth, O., a tombstone fell on Susan Johnson, an aged woman, inflicting fatal injuries.

AN increase of from 60 to 65 per cent. in prices has been made by the tack trust since January 1, and small dealers were being forced to the wall.

THE American liner New York made the 3,403-mile run from Southampton to Sandy Hook in 6 days 7 hours and 20 minutes, breaking all records.

At Neligh, Neb., Barrett Scott was convicted of embezzling \$32,000 while treasurer of Holt county.

FRED MILLER, 70 years old, while drunk fatally stabbed his wife at Kenton, O., and then drowned himself in a well.

In a quarrel over a line fence at Northport, Ala., John and Alexander Tyler (brothers) killed each other.

TWO new counterfeits are in circulation, one being a \$10 silver certificate, check letter A, series 1880, and the other is a \$5 note of the First national bank of Cincinnati.

BEVERLY ADAMS, a negro, was hanged at Hopkinsville, Ky., for murder.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

BRIDGET GORMAN, known as the queen of gypsies in America, died at her camp near Cincinnati, aged 85 years.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were reported as follows: Michigan, Eighth district, Rowland (dem.). Maryland, Wisconsin, First district, James R. Doolittle (dem.). Ohio, Sixteenth district, O. O. Barnes (dem.). Maryland, Sixth district, F. Williams (dem.). Alabama, Ninth district, T. H. Aldrich (rep.). Minnesota, Second district, John Moonan (dem.); Sixth, Kittie Halvorsen (pop.).

DON PRO PICO, the last Mexican governor of California, died at Los Angeles, aged 94 years.

WILLIAM H. HATCH was renominated for congress by the democrats of the First district of Missouri.

THE populists of New York met at Saratoga and nominated Charles B. Matthews, of Buffalo, for governor. COLORADO republicans met at Denver and nominated a ticket headed by A. W. McIntyre, of Alamosa, for governor.

At a convention of the American Protective association held in Chicago O. H. Mann was nominated for state treasurer, S. D. Snow for school superintendent, and W. S. McComas, J. W. Pickens and J. B. Strubel for congress. R. P. KEATING was nominated for governor and G. E. Gignoux for congressman by the Nevada democratic convention in session at Carson.

CANDIDATES for congress were selected as follows: Wisconsin, Fifth district, Henry Blank (dem.). Alabama, Ninth district, T. H. Aldrich (rep.). California, Fourth district, T. B. Shannon (rep.); Fifth, E. V. Loud (rep.) renominated. Virginia, Gardner Tyler (dem.) renominated.

THE official result of the election in Maine gives Cleaves (rep.) for governor a plurality over Johnson (dem.) of 38,424.

THE following congressional nominations were made: Wisconsin, Seventh district, G. W. Lewis (dem.). Colorado, Second district, T. M. Bowen (rep.). Virginia, Tenth district, Thomas Goode (rep.). New Mexico, T. B. Mills (pop.).

EX-SENATOR DOOLITTLE declined the nomination for congress tendered him by the democrats of the First Wisconsin district.

BOLTERS from the democratic party met at Carson, Nev., and nominated a state ticket headed by Theodore Winters for governor.

DANIEL SCULLY, who for nearly a quarter of a century was a justice of the peace of Chicago, died of pneumonia.

FOREIGN.

THE governor general of Cuba has been ordered by the Spanish authorities to restore the import duties on American products.

THE sultan of Turkey has contributed 300 Turkish pounds to the fund for the relief of the Wisconsin and Minnesota forest fire sufferers.

CAPT. ADOLPH FRIETSCH, who sailed from New York August 5 in a schooner-rigged skiff 47 feet long, reached Queenstown in safety.

FIFTY-FIVE Brazilians were executed at Montevideo by order of President Peixoto. Military and naval officers were among the unfortunates.

At the Rosedale track, Toronto, F. F. Radway, of London, lowered the 100-mile bicycle record to 5:01:10 1-5.

A FIRE in the leather market in London caused a loss of \$1,000,000.

THIRTY persons lost their lives and 2,000 buildings were destroyed by a fire in Chung-King, China.

LATER.

OWENS was said to have been victorious in the contest for the democratic nomination in the Ashland (Ky.) congressional district. His plurality over Breckinridge was estimated to be 410.

WILLIAM BLANFORD, an alleged forger of Clinton, Ind., was arrested after a search of two years.

THE Mexican congress was opened by President Diaz, who, in his speech, said that Mexico was on friendly relations with all nations.

M. L. DAVIS, of Little Rock, Ark., tendered his resignation as American consul at Merida, Yucatan.

ANDREW BEE, who recognized Jefferson Davis when the latter was escaping, died at his home in Martin, Allegan county, Mich.

LEONARD BLODGETT, of Luzerne, N. Y., aged 55, attempted to assault a girl and fatally wounded both her parents.

WHILE passengers were being transferred past a wreck at Hammond, Wis., an oil tank exploded and twelve were seriously burned.

A WINDSTORM did great damage at Niagara Falls and caused the suspension bridge to sway like a cradle.

FIFTEEN persons were injured, several fatally, in a runaway accident near Irondale, O., caused by the raising of an umbrella.

In a decision at Des Moines, Ia., Judge Spurrier held the mullet liquor law to be constitutional.

THE Mutual Benefit Life Association of America closed its doors under orders of the insurance department of New York state.

J. L. GOODMAN and B. Y. Armstrong, Gatesville (Tex.) editors, shot each other to death in a street duel.

At Portland, Ore., J. W. Stanegels, a civil engineer, killed Mrs. Mabel Calvin and committed suicide. Jealousy was the cause.

At Monticello, Ill., Mr. and Mrs. George Clouser celebrated their seventieth wedding anniversary.

THIRTEEN men were indicted by the grand jury for complicity in the recent lynching of six negroes near Millington, Tenn.

SCRANTON, Pa., suffered a loss of \$250,000 by a blaze in the business district.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 15th were: Baltimore, .684; New York, .633; Boston, .547; Philadelphia, .576; Brooklyn, .546; Cleveland, .513; Pittsburgh, .493; Chicago, .483; Cincinnati, .425; St. Louis, .400; Washington, .347; Louisville, .377.

THE DEBS TRIAL.

Witnesses Tell Stories of Violence of the Mob.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—Tuesday morning the United States circuit court, Judge Woods presiding, took up again the contempt cases against the officers of the American Railway union.

General Superintendent Charles Dunlap, of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad, was the first witness sworn.

Witness was very sure that if there had been no violence the Rock Island would have had no trouble in filling the strikers' places. Plenty of men came voluntarily, wanting work. Many who were eager to work were timid, because of fear of violence. He had had twenty-six years' experience in the management of railroads. He had known of various strikes during that time, but he never knew of one that was not accompanied by violence.

Mr. Gregory conducted the cross-examination. After some general questions Mr. Gregory began a series of interrogatories that seemed to indicate a purpose on the part of the defense to bring into court the telegrams and correspondence of the General Managers' association. He asked many questions as to the General Managers' association.

Judge Woods said that he did not see the relevancy of the testimony which Mr. Gregory was trying to elicit.

Mr. Gregory replied that he considered the matter very important. "If the court will admit the testimony, and the witnesses who know most about the facts will be obliged to testify, we can show, I think, that this General Managers' association was preparing to reduce the wages of the employees of these railroads and to do so by a combination, and that this was the real cause of the strike. From one end of this country to the other we have heard the sympathetic strike denounced. It is said that some strikes may be all right, but the present strike is wicked and criminal."

Judge Cooley said that no board of arbitration—and I add that no injunction of a court—can compel men to work if they do not want to. Since the adoption of the thirteenth amendment to the constitution no man can be kept in involuntary servitude unless for a crime of which he has been properly convicted. Now, these employees on the Rock Island had a right to quit work. No injunction could prevent them from quitting or from advising others to quit. The government has offered certain telegrams sent by these defendants; they have proved violence; but there has been no proof of connection between the facts. A man has a right to quit work whenever he wishes."

In the afternoon Elmer E. Clitheron, an engineer on the Burlington, gave a long account of his adventures July 6 with engine 466, which the mob derailed and dinged at Millard avenue by laying steel rails across the tracks when he was going 20 miles an hour.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—In the Debs trial several messenger boys testified to having delivered telegraphic messages addressed to E. V. Debs to various persons, but only a very few to Debs personally. They had been instructed to deliver all messages marked "personal" to no one but Mr. Debs. Among others to whom telegrams had been delivered were Messrs. Hogan, Howard, Kellher and Rogers. In receiving for them the gentlemen named would sometimes sign their own names and sometimes that of Mr. Debs.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—All of the testimony in the Debs contempt case is in. Much to the surprise of everyone, the attorneys for the defense announced Thursday afternoon when the last witness for the prosecution had been heard that they would stake their case on the evidence before the court.

This was apparently a great surprise to Mr. Walker and his associates who represent the prosecution. Mr. Miller and Mr. Bancroft, of the Santa Fe road. However, after some preliminary stipulations as to the preparation of papers, Judge Woods adjourned court to Tuesday, September 25, when the arguments will be heard.

Wallace Rice, a newspaper reporter, who said he was also a member of the A. R. U., testified to several interviews with Mr. Debs in which the latter had used language indicating that he had full charge and control of the strike; that he had set the date when the boycott against various roads should take effect, and that he had personally ordered the men on several lines to quit work.

Alfred F. Weinsheimer, secretary of Pullman's Palace Car company, was called and identified two contracts—one between his company and the Eastern Illinois road, and the other between his company and the Santa Fe road. They were the contracts about which there was so much conjecture during the strike. Among other points in the contract it gives the Pullman company the exclusive right of running cars on the road for the term of the contract, which is twenty-five years. The railroad company agrees to haul the cars on any road it now owns or any that it was to acquire possession of during the life of the contract. Permission is given the Pullman company to form through lines and run over other roads.

The Amateur Fisherman.

It was a stalwart fisherman, who bought a hundred flies. And vowed that other fishermen he'd straighten away would surprise. By catching trout by thousands—though he'd never fished before. He'd thought the task was easy as he'd watched it from the shore.

He got a boat and anchored in the middle of the pond. And had his family watching from a hillock just beyond. But when he swooped his rod about, it made him feel quite flat. To have the hook catch in the brim of his broad fishing hat.

"Well, accidents will happen; we'll do better now," he said. And gave his rod a triple swoop around about his head. His children cheered to note his grace, but it did chance, alack! This time the hook, by some odd freak, caught squarely in his back.

"Once more I'll try," he proudly cried; "in numbers odd there's luck." And then he had a chance to show if he was like a duck. For, as the fly went hurtling through the air, amid the peals. Of happy laughter from his friends, he went in head o'er heels.

And that is why that very expert fisherman, they say. Hath never tried to fish again since that ill-fated day. And that is also why it is folks say he knows not beans. Because his favorite fish is not the trout, but canned sardines.

—Harper's Bazar.

For Her Dear Sake.

For her dear sake I'd have her skies As bright as are her own bright eyes. And all her day dreams warm and fair As is the sunshine in her hair. The fates to her should be as kind As are the thoughts in her pure mind. And every bird I'd have awake. It's gladdest song for her dear sake.

For her dear sake I'd have each dart Grief fashions for her tender heart. Aimed at my own thrice happy breast. That hers might have unbroken rest. She feel life's sunshine, I its rain; She steal my pleasure, I her pain; Her path of roses I would make. And mine of thorns, for her dear sake.

If she should fall asleep and lie So still, so very still that I Would know her soul had slipped away From her divinely molded clay. Then looking in her fair white face I'd pray to God: "In Thy good grace, O Father, let me sleep nor wake Again on earth, for her dear sake."

—Nixon Waterman, in Chicago Journal.

The devil is always polite upon first acquaintance.—Ran's Horn.

The Testimonials

Published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla are not purchased, nor are they written up in our office, nor are they from our employees. They are facts from truthful people, proving, as surely as anything can be proved by direct, personal, positive evidence, that

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Be Sure to get **Cures**
Hood's

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.

\$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.

\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.

\$2.15 \$2. BOYS' SHOES.

\$1.75 \$2. LADIES' SHOES.

\$3.25 \$2.15 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

Burlington Route

HARVEST

EXCURSIONS

SEPT. 11th, SEPT. 25th, OCT. 9th

On these dates Round-Trip Tickets will be sold from Chicago, Peoria, St. Louis, and other stations on the C. & O. R. R., to the principal cities and farming regions of the Northwest, West and Southwest

AT LOW RATES

Many connecting railways will also sell Harvest Excursion Tickets, on same terms, over this route. The undersigned, or any agent of the Burlington Route, and most ticket agents of connecting railways east of the Mississippi River, will supply applicants with Harvest Excursion folders giving full particulars.

P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass & Ticket Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.

ELY'S CREAM DALS CURES CATARRH

PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS

MEN WANTED to sell hardy Nursery Stock, our own growing. We pay salary or commission. Address with reference to E. C. BRIDGES & CO., Peoria, Union Surveys, Kansas, etc.

NAME THIS PAPER every time you write

W. L. DOUGLAS

W. L. DOUGLAS

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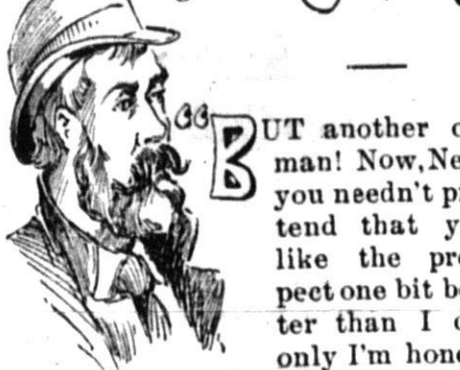
THE PENNY-POST.

O peaceful knight of modern birth!
With weight of mail and coat of gray,
How little can you know the worth
Of all the matter you convey.
The printed paper, early sent,
With hasty glance we throw away,
And yet its columns represent
The toll of many, every day.
The countless advertisements, too,
That in our refuse basket lay.
Were written with an end in view
And cost—well, let the printers say.
The hasty scribble upon a card,
Which tidings bring from far away,
Is dearer than the choicest bard
To waiters anxious from delay.

These billets-doux may volumes mean
When not a word of love they say:
For safe between the lines, I ween,
No tender message goes astray.
The budding poet sends his rhymes
For classic journals to display:
You bring them back—as many times—
"Returned with thanks," is all they say.
Now comes an invitation neat
To wedding, social or soiree;
Perchance a bill we pledged to meet
But not a chance for checks to pay.
A note a letter draped in black
Brings news of one that's gone for aye.
Good postman! take the message back!
My eyes are dim—oh, read it, pray!

With throbbing hearts we welcome thee,
O somber knight in suit of gray!
Thy service, though it simple be,
Doth half the sum of life outweigh.
And so we ever watch and wait,
With curious haste each call obey,
Till death delivers at the gate.
His own—the last great mystery.
—J. P. Rand, in Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

A CASTLE IN THE AIR.



enough to say what I think; and one old man is hard enough to get along with, I'm sure!"

"Living here practically on Uncle John's charity, don't you think we had better leave him entirely out of the question?" asked Nellie.

"Even when he goes about spying and criticising everything we do? And worries old Susan's life almost out, looking into the soup pot and adding more water for fear it won't go 'round'?" In spite of herself Nellie laughed gaily.

"It's no laughing matter," her sister declared. "Besides, if Uncle John isn't glad to see his own brother, I don't see why we should pretend to be."

"But I'm not going to pretend at all—" "Gertrude! Helen!—one of you come down!" cried a gruff voice from below. And Nellie, obeying the summons, found Uncle John in the dim sitting-room with his newly-arrived and evidently unwelcome guests.

Left alone, Gertrude still pondered over the unexpected letter which that morning had announced to Uncle John the almost immediate arrival of the brother he had not seen for a quarter of a century, and the orders which old Susan had thereupon received to practice various extra economies which might tend to shorten the stay of the unwelcome visitor. So supper that night proved an even more frugal and unsocial meal than usual. Uncle John preserved his customary grim silence; the two girls were always overawed and quiet in his presence, while the newcomer seemed occupied in examining his surroundings.

"Well, brother," he remarked, at last, "though some things seem to point to the contrary, I am inclined to believe that you have prospered during these last five-and-twenty years?" A growl came from the grim figure at the head of the table, but the words: "You certainly have not prospered, to judge from appearances," were quite audible.

"But you can't always judge from appearances," was the newcomer's cool reply. His retort apparently missed its effect upon all but Gertrude, and she began to wonder if this shabby stranger might not possibly prove a kind of fairy godfather in disguise. But the next afternoon she burst suddenly into the room where her sister was deep in her book.

"Well, what do you suppose he wants me to do?" she cried. "Look at this wretched old coat, with pockets torn out, and the facing in ribbons; well, this fine new uncle has coolly requested me to mend it for him! Did you ever hear of such a thing? Why don't he take it to a tailor? It's all in rags—and I'm not going to do it!"

Nellie took the dilapidated garment, while a slight wrinkle appeared on her usually smooth young brow. It quickly vanished, however, and she reached for her workbox.

"You aren't going to do it? I wouldn't touch it!" Gertrude declared.

"I'd rather mend it than have him wear it as it is; I hate to see ragged old men!" said Nellie.

"But he'll bring you his old shoes next and ask you to patch them—"

"His boots would be a step beyond me," laughed Nellie, "but this is easy enough, and it won't take long. Now,

if ever I have the management of a boy I'll bring him up to sew and to keep his own clothes in apple-pie order. He shall have a thimble and scissors and well-stocked workbag, and he shall learn to handle a needle as well as a jackknife. Why! here's something slipped down between the lining and the outside, Gertrude—a five-dollar gold piece! I'm glad Uncle Sam brought it to you, after all, else he might never have seen his money again!" Nellie's fingers flew rapidly, and it was not long before she exclaimed: "There! it's finished now, as well as I can do it. You'd better take it right back to him, and the gold piece, too."

Gertrude disappeared, but in a moment she returned with a flushed face, and, dropping the gold piece into Nellie's lap, she stammered:

"He—he told me to keep it for mending the coat, and I—I hadn't courage to tell him I didn't do it; so it's yours—for I sha'n't take it. And Nellie, in spite of his looking so shabby, I believe he's awfully rich, and he's come here this way just to find out what we're like, and what we need. I wish he'd adopt us and take us away from here; he's a great deal nicer than Uncle John!"

"O, Gertrude!" cried Nellie, indignantly. "No, you must keep it, for he gave it to you. But if he's ever so rich, I'd be ashamed to talk so when Uncle John has been so kind. What would we have done when mother died if he had not been willing to give us a home? And didn't he promise to take care of us at school until we were old enough to teach and support ourselves? It's very ungrateful to say Uncle Silas is nicer, just because he has given you a bright gold piece!"

Gertrude was quite unmoved by her sister's indignation; but finding that Nellie utterly refused to share her sudden bright anticipations, she finally descended to the kitchen and took old Susan into her confidence, much to that good woman's astonishment.

"Law, Miss Gertrude, 'tain't possible!" said Susan. "I've been in the family sense them men was byes, an' Mr. John was alwuz queer, an' clus, an' 'emulative—but for all that, kind an' honest as the daylight! But that there Mr. Silas—alwuz wild an' shifless, if nothin' wuss—he worried your poor granma mos' to death. An' from what I see, 'tain't at all likely he's changed his ways."

The plain statement rather shook the foundations of the air castle which Gertrude had begun to build; but still,



LOOK AT THIS WRETCHED OLD COAT.

on thinking it over, she decided that old Susan might be wrong, and especially as she acknowledged that she "hadn't heard nothin' about Mr. Silas an' his ways" since he left his home to seek his fortune in South America, so many years ago.

So Gertrude took great pains to be very polite and attentive to Uncle Silas, and especially in the evenings, when Uncle John went out for his solitary walk. She had begun to pride herself upon the impression she was making, when one night he suddenly inquired:

"Are you the one with a theory about the boy and the needle and workbag?"

"No, that was Nellie," she stammered, while she vainly tried to recall her own disparaging remarks about the listener on that memorable afternoon.

But whatever Uncle Silas had overheard, he evidently was not angry, for he seemed to be enjoying her embarrassment.

"But you mended my coat," he persisted.

"N—no, that was Nellie, too."

"Oh, I begin to see. Nellie found the gold piece, and you spent it; I call that a fair division of labor."

"I made her keep it," said Nellie, quickly coming to the rescue of her unhappy sister. "Gertrude tried to give it to me, but there was nothing I happened to want, so I wouldn't take it."

"Oh," said Uncle Silas, "then apparently Gertrude did want something just at that moment?"

"I'm always wanting something," murmured Gertrude. "I do wish I was rich!"

Uncle Silas actually chuckled over this reply; then, as Nellie became absorbed in her book again, he bent forward and laid his bony hand upon Gertrude's arm.

"You're smart," he said, "and you'll be rich, too, one of those days, or I'll miss my guess."

Then he began to relate such marvelous stories of the wealth of South America that she was more than ever convinced he had not returned from there without a fortune.

Far from sharing Gertrude's romantic belief, Nellie did not for a moment dream of the hold it had taken upon

her sister's imagination. But already Gertrude had begun to throw out mysterious hints to her classmates about her uncle's wealth, and an exaggerated story of the gold piece was going the rounds of the school. She could not help mourning a little in secret, at the possibility of being separated from her sister; for it was evident that Uncle Silas was quite indifferent towards Nellie, and so it could hardly be expected that he would treat them both with equal favor. But at the same time she was very eager for him to reveal his plans, and to enter the life of luxury he so often hinted of to her.

In the meantime Uncle Silas had found much of his apparel as dilapidated as the famous coat had been; and as if to punish Gertrude for her one act of rebellion he brought her each garment in its turn, and one by one she meekly mended them, although she hated sewing. No other hidden gold piece ever rewarded her, but now Uncle Silas often slyly spoke of the "surprise" he had in preparation for her.

The girls at school were growing more and more curious, but hardly more impatient than Gertrude herself. Her castle in the air had grown so real to her that never a morning came but she expected to see it realized before the night. Her only dread was lest some of her exaggerated stories should come to Nellie's honest ears too soon.

Then came a day which Gertrude never will forget—when it was found that Uncle Silas had gone, no one knew whither.

His oldest, but now carefully mended clothes, had been left behind, with a card bearing the laconic inscription: "For my brother John," and it afterwards appeared that he had been freely replenishing his wardrobe—at his frugal brother's expense.

But this was not the worst; it soon came out that Uncle Silas had been trying to raise large sums of money in his brother's name, upon bogus South American securities; and it was his failure in this and fear of the consequences, which had led to his sudden and secret flight.

A package of the worthless securities had been left "for my charming but avaricious niece, as a suitable reward for her disinterested devotion."

Uncle John was furious and vowed that the swindler should be prosecuted if ever he could be traced. But what became of Uncle Silas after his disappearance was never known; at all events they never heard of him again.

Gertrude's humiliation was complete; and she foresaw a bitter punishment for her folly in the merciless teasing of her companions, when they should learn of her air castle's utter and pitiful collapse.

Nellie was honestly sorry for her sister, though she wondered how it had been possible for Gertrude to indulge in such absurdly romantic hopes; and she heartily sympathized with Uncle John's discomfiture and indignation at the discovery of his brother's utter unworthiness. But old Susan chuckled over the state of things for days.

"Just like Mr. Silas!" she said, "an' serves Mr. John right for trustin' him, when he knew—well as I do—that Mr. Silas was born a scamp, an' warn't likely to go ag'in' his natur'. But for Miss Gertrude to be so taken in by his great yams! She ain't much like her sister; seems as if Miss Nellie's got all the family common sense. Well, I often said, an' I say again: 'Blessed is them that didn't expect nothin'—for they ain't so likely to get disappointed!'—Demorest's Magazine.

He Was a Hard Loser.

"That fellow Jones is the closest poker player I ever saw in my life," remarked a Market street cigar dealer after an all-night sitting at the great American game.

"Does play a hard game," was the conservative opinion of the man addressed.

"I don't mean that. I don't object to a man playing the best he knows how; but I don't like to see a man fall in love with his money."

"I've noticed that he would never lend money in a game."

"Yes. If he's losing he always says: 'I can't do it. I'm too much loser'; and if he's winning, he says: 'No, sir; it always knocks down my luck.'"

"That's figuring it down pretty close."

"Close, why, that's no name for him. Why, last night we had played five hours, and he was one dollar and seventy-five cents loser. My cigar went out and I asked him for a light from his. He shook his head and said: 'Uh, uh. Can't do it. I'm too much loser.'"

—San Francisco Post.

Mrs. Billtops' Little Joke.

"Ezra," said Mrs. Billtops to her husband across the breakfast table, "what is it that is always abed but never sleeps?"

"Why, I don't know, Elizabeth," said Mr. Billtops. "What is it?"

"The river," said Mrs. Billtops.

"That's so," said Mr. Billtops, "and just think of it; it never gets tired, either, does it?"

And Mrs. Billtops answered dutifully: "No, Ezra," though really she would have been better pleased if he had paid no attention to her little joke. She didn't make jokes very often, and when she did make one she liked to have it left to shine without being befogged by comment or extinguished by superior brilliancy. —N. Y. Sun.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Crop Report.

The average rainfall in the state in August did not exceed three-fourths of an inch, or two inches less than the usual amount in this month. In July there was a deficiency of one and three-fourths inches. There was a very light rain throughout the state July 20, but none from that date to the 1st of September. With a drought thus practically unbroken during the two principal crop growing months of July and August, it is not difficult to estimate the condition of crops. They are dried up. Corn, potatoes and garden truck are damaged beyond recovery; the yield will be but a small per cent. of an average.

Disasters Multiply.

Two months ago James Huntley's 20-year-old daughter Nellie shot and killed herself at the family home in Holland. Three weeks ago his 22-year-old son George married suddenly the girl he had wronged and who bore him a child within a few days. She was Mamie, the 16-year-old daughter of ex-Ald. Jacob Kuite, Sr. A week ago George lost two fingers and half his right hand in a bandsaw at his father's planing mill, and a day after his wife Mamie shot herself through the heart, dying instantly.

Rolled in Tar and Feathers.

Rev. Charles Clancey, of Frontier, was tarred and feathered and rolled down a steep hill by about forty masked men, some of them husbands, who did not like the minister's course of conduct. A few years ago, on account of his troubles, Clancey withdrew from the Methodist Protestant church and started a church of his own in a little log building, taking five or six families with him.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended September 8 reports sent in by seventy-six observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that cholera infantum decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at fifty-eight places, diphtheria at thirty-one, measles at six, scarlet fever at thirty-seven, consumption at 234 and smallpox at Detroit.

Wife Sues for Property.

Theodore Reeves, a farmer, left Traverse City July 19 and has not since been heard of. He paid his board bill at the Occidental hotel, and paid for two weeks in advance for his wife. It soon developed that he had transferred all his property, amounting to \$15,000, to relatives in Pennsylvania. Suit is brought by his wife for recovery of property.

Went Through a Sidewalk.

Thirty-one persons were precipitated into an area by the giving way of a sidewalk at Nashville. The worst injured were:

Mrs. Albert Mix, both legs broken; Mrs. Y. P. Casson, skull fractured and internal injuries; Mrs. Bam, ribs broken and bad cuts; Mrs. F. H. Sprague, severely bruised; Mrs. William Sweeney, badly cut and internally injured; Mrs. Francis Showalter, injured about head and spine.

Testing the Local Option Law.

In a case at Charlotte against Edward O'Neill for violation of the county local option liquor law the defendant was found guilty of keeping a place where intoxicating liquors are stored and sold. This was a test case, and involves twenty-six other men of the county who were recently indicted by a grand jury.

Salt Inspected in August.

The report of the state salt inspector for August shows the salt inspected in the state as follows:

Manistee, 32,160 barrels; Bay, 66,070; Mason, 63,790; St. Clair, 52,270; Saginaw, 48,350; Ceresco, 16,016; Huron, 2,564; Midland, 1,002; total, 383,790 barrels.

Short But Newsy Items.

John Jacobs and John Green, said to be members of a gang of opium smugglers with headquarters at Windsor, were arrested at St. Clair.

Charles V. Chauvin, aged 76, a wealthy resident of Grosse Pointe, was murdered by unknown persons.

James Cook was killed at the Kirby-Carpenter company's mill yard in Menominee by a blow on the head from a stick of hardwood thrown by a saw.

Albert Root, of Detroit, 10 years old, was found wandering among the cars in a Chicago depot. The only reason he would give for running away was that he was not happy.

A neat but unsuccessful attempt was made to swindle Rush Culver, receiver of the United States land office at Marquette, out of \$424.

Jerome Bristol, aged 46, fell into an open well on his premises at Col's water and was killed.

Robert Harding, aged 14, fatally shot himself at Jackson. He was a cripple and despondency was the cause.

While fixing the electric lights in the tower of the city hall at Detroit F. J. French was made a raving maniac by a shock.

Some evil-minded person entered the sawmill of D. T. Smith at Romeo and cut the belts, causing a loss of \$300.

Pineconing and Kawkawlin, in Bay county, have sent twelve students to the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., this term.

Thomas Murray, aged 53 years, a character well known in police circles, was accidentally drowned at Bay City.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

E. G. Dun & Co.'s Review for the Week of an Encouraging Nature.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"Business has met no setback this week, and continues larger than earlier in August and larger than a year ago, directly after the panic. The country has now passed nearly three weeks under the new tariff, and all admit that changes have been of less importance as yet than was expected. If in some branches business has materially increased, it has gained a little or has fallen off in others. Loss in some directions is explained by crop reports, for the most favorable estimates of experts put the loss of corn as about 400,000 bushels, whereas the government report is by some interpreted as meaning a loss of 1,000,000 bushels. The opinion of the trade does not favor the official estimate, and the price has not risen at all during the week; though receipts have been very small, exports have practically ceased, and all realize that the shrinkage of 400,000 bushels is serious. If it proves to be no greater, since it must affect prices of meats for a year or more. Pork is unchanged, but lard has risen 30 cents per 100 pounds. Nor are official reports encouraging as to wheat. Western receipts in two weeks have been 11,184,027 bushels, against 10,674,761 last year, and Atlantic exports only 2,074,790, against 5,106,562 last year, and the price is one-half cent lower. Considerable injury is officially reported to cotton, but few expect less than 8,500,000 bales, which is more than enough, and the price is a sixteenth lower. The great increase in iron production, which was noted as following the removal of coke difficulties, is measured by the capacity of furnaces in blast September 1—namely: 151,113 tons, against 115,356 August 1, and the unsold stocks also decreased 35,354 tons during the month. Less activity is seen in dry goods, the rush of postponed business having abated, and there is more disposition to defer purchases because of somewhat general advances in cotton goods and because London wool sales are expected to make the outlook clearer. Strikes in cotton mills have not ceased and stocks of print cloths shrink rapidly, but some question whether recent advances in price can be maintained with important additions to the present force.

"Failures in the first week of September as yet reported show liabilities of only \$1,430,070, of which \$415,120 was of manufacturing and \$937,450 of trading concerns. The aggregate of liabilities reported for August is \$10,697,513. This week the failures have been 207 in the United States, against 314 last year, and 44 in Canada, against 27 last year."

SLAIN BY COREANS.

Confirmation of a Rumored Revolt Against the Japs.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 17.—If the reports received here from Corea are to be believed there would seem to be no doubt that the Japanese forces operating against the Chinese are likely to be hemmed in. Dispatches received here from Fusan bring additional confirmations of the reports that the whole of southern Corea has risen against the Japanese.

It also seems to be confirmed that the Japanese force of 2,000 men, who attempted to march from Fusan to Seoul, have met with disaster serious enough to compel them to return to the former place with 1,200 of their number missing. From this it is judged that serious fighting must have taken place, and it is not believed that the 1,200 missing soldiers will reach Fusan.

A force of 2,000 fresh troops has arrived at Fusan in order to protect the Japanese settlement at that place against an anticipated attack upon the part of the armed bands of Tognaks gathering in the neighborhood.

The city of Lung Kin, province of Se-Chuen, has been visited by a conflagration which has destroyed 2,000 buildings. Over 100 persons lost their lives in various ways as the result of the fire. Among the dead is the wife of the governor of Shun Kin, who died from fright. The governor's house was burned and several temples destroyed. The loss is estimated at 10,000,000 taels.

A PERILOUS TRIP.

Voyage of a Passenger Steamer Between Walls of Fire.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 17.—Kirby Barnum, who owns a farm near the western border of the great Red Lake Indian reservation, in the northern part of the state, has just returned from a perilous trip down the Thief river, which skirts that reservation on the west. The trip was made in a small passenger steamer that plies between the Indian agency and Thief River Falls, a distance of 120 miles. Fully half of the trip was made between walls of fire. Mr. Barnum says that the flames have jumped the Thief river and cut a swath through the dense forest fully 60 miles wide. The whole country is aflame, but owing to the fact that communication is slow little has been heard from it farther south.

The steamer was forced to go 3 and 4 miles at a time, and then everybody would get out and stand in the water on the sandbar until the fire and heat had abated somewhat. Several times the boat was afire, and it was only with the utmost difficulty that it was saved. If it had burned the whole party must have perished. The water in the river had been raised to such a temperature by the fire that its surface was covered by millions of dead fish. Bear, deer and other large game were fleeing from the flames in great confusion.

The Immigrant Head Tax.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Secretary Carlisle has issued orders, in accordance with the law passed by the last congress, that after October 1 next the head tax on immigrants shall be raised from fifty cents per head to one dollar and that the money thus collected shall be covered into the treasury, instead of being set aside to be expended under the control of the bureau of immigration.

Political Candidates

Are in order now, and there are plenty of them.

Our - Low - Prices

Are Always in Order.

The struggle for supremacy of political candidates is growing warmer, and the question arises which will win.

The struggle for Low Price supremacy has long been settled, and the

Palm Awarded

—TO—

ARMSTRONG & CO.

A very nice cooking Molasses at 25c a gal.
Extra choice Japan Tea 30c per pound.
Mixed Candy 10c per pound
Stick Candy 10c per pound
Clothespins 6 doz for 5c
Lantern Globes 5c each
Lamp Chimneys 3 and 5c each.

9 sticks Coffee Essence for 10c
Banner Smoking Tobacco 15c per lb.
Good Fine Cut Tobacco 25c per pound
Good Plug Tobacco 25c per pound
Best 4 Cr. Raisins 8c per pound
5 pounds V. & C. Crackers for 25c
Choice Jug Mustard 15c

Try Our Coffees.

Best full Cream Cheese 12 1/2c per pound
Starch 6c per pound
Arm & Hammer Saleratus 6c per package
Boston Baking Powder 20c per pound
Our broken Java coffee at 19c per pound is a good one and makes friends whenever it is tried.

Axle grease 5c per box.
Sardines in oil 5c per can.
2 packages Yeast foam for 5c.
We assure you that you will get a good thing when you buy Cheese of us.
Best Rolled Oats 7 pounds for 25c.

A large number of empty barrels and kegs, suitable for use as vinegar barrels, cider barrels, etc. If in need of same come and look them over, they won't cost much.

Armstrong & Co.

Artistic Photography.

To those visiting our coming Chelsea Fair we would call their attention to the fact that if you are in want of Photographs that will please you and the persons to whom you give them, call on

E. E. SHAVER,

THE PHOTOGRAPHER,

Over H. S. Holmes' Store, Chelsea, Michigan.

Finest Cabinet Work in the County.

Over 20 years' work under the skylight.

\$40.00 PER WEEK

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of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 830,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on
Gilbert & Crowell
com.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Candidates have been plenty the past week.

Adam Eppler now rides around in a new carriage.

Dr. H. W. Schmidt was a Jackson visitor last Monday.

Rev. L. N. Moon and family leave for South Lyon this week.

Abundant rains have greatly benefited pastures and late crops.

Henry Frey, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor last Monday.

Congressman Gorman and wife spent a few days in Detroit this week.

Wm. Dancer, of Stockbridge, spent Sunday with Chelsea relatives.

Born, Thursday, September 13, 1894, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gage, a son.

R. A. Snyder was in Ann Arbor and Toledo last Monday on business.

Wm. Yocum has the contract for building several walks at Grass Lake.

Lewis Miller, of Chicago, is the guest of his parents in Lyndon this week.

Geo. Ward has been confined to his home for the past week with neuralgia.

Attorney A. E. Gibson, of Ann Arbor, was in town Monday on business.

Matt Schwikerath has the contract for building Chas. Steinbach's new block.

Darwin Boyd, of Ohio, is the guest of his brother, Merritt Boyd, of this place.

Mrs. M. Boyd visited with relatives and friends at Jackson and Fowlerville last week.

Mrs. L. D. Loomis, of Grass Lake, was among her many Chelsea friends the past week.

C. W. Maroney is building a large barn in the rear of his residence - on Railroad street.

Roland Waltrous reports a yield of 5,700 bushels of onions from 12 acres of ground.

Miss Laura Glass entertained her sister, Miss Tillie Glass, of Jackson, the first of the week.

Congressman Gorman has had a windmill erected on the west side of his residence.

W. R. Reed has had an artificial stone walk laid in front of his property on Orchard street.

Julius Klein has accepted a position in a drug store at Albion, and left for that city last Monday.

Rev. A. Roedel, of Linden, Mich., is the guest of his brother, Fred, of Harrison street, this week.

A. O. Harlow, of Grass Lake, has charge of the Postal Telegraph office at the Chelsea House.

Chancey Hummel was a Lansing visitor last week, and while there attended the K. O. T. M. Jubilee.

Dan. Tarbell and sister, Miss Mattie, of Jackson, are the guests of their sister, Mrs. Win. Lehman, of Congdon street.

Jas. Labadie, the noted draught player, has been contesting with the players of Ann Arbor and Chelsea the past week.

Frank McNamara, who is on the road for a Jackson firm, spent a few days here the past week, the guest of his mother.

The Misses Nellie and Ida Kern, of Grand Rapids, were the guests of Miss Ella McKoue, of West Middle street, last week.

Miss Kate Canfield and niece, Edith Bates, returned home from South Haven last Saturday, after a visit of four weeks with relatives.

Mr. John Frey and Miss Satie White, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Miss Bessie Grant, of Lincoln street. They made the trip on their bykes.

John Baumgardner, the marble dealer of Ann Arbor, erected a handsome monument on the Robt. Howlett lot, in Waterloo cemetery, last week.

A nine from the grammar room played a game of base ball with a nine from the high school, last week, which resulted in a score of 26 to 4 in favor of the former.

Died, at her late home in Freedom, Sept. 13, 1894, of consumption, Mrs. Martha P. Grau, wife of Chris. Grau, aged 27 years. The funeral took place Sunday forenoon.

When rubber rings for canning purposes are found to be stretched out of shape, soak them for awhile in a weak solution of ammonia water and they will recover their elasticity.

The Chelsea Terrors played a game of ball with the Lyndon Peach Eaters last Sunday at South Lake. At the close of the game the score stood 45 to 18 in favor of Chelsea.

The Rev. Wm. Walker, of Ann Arbor, will preach at the Town Hall Sunday, Sept. 23rd. Every member of the Congregational Church Society is requested to attend.

Miss Libbie Foster, of Jackson, accompanied by her nieces, Misses Matie and Eva Stapish, of this place, are in Flint this week, where Miss Eva will enter the school for the deaf.

Died, Sept. 14, 1894, at her late home at Sylvan Center, Mrs. Wm. Ludlow, aged about 40 years. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon from the Sylvan church, Rev. C. S. Bullock, officiated.

Country maidens are now holding guessing matches, says the Livingston Democrat. They sit on the porch or out in the front yard and guess whether its a potato bug or an army worm that's crawling down their backs.

Edward Wasser, of Ann Arbor, aged 18, died in the homeopathic hospital at that city, from the effects of having both legs crushed in the Toledo & Ann Arbor yards. To escape the rain he had crawled under a box car and fell asleep.

The Ann Arbor Argus says E. A. Nordman is loaded to the muzzle with populism and will begin to fire his pneumatic gun about the 15th, Dexter being selected as his first point of attack. We know not what course others may take, but as for Dexter, she may take to the woods.

At a Republican caucus held last Saturday the following delegates were chosen to attend the county convention at Ann Arbor Thursday: A. W. Wilkinson, Jas. L. Gilbert, E. A. Ward, P. Schweinfurth, Fred Vogel, S. L. Gage, B. Parker, O. T. Hoover, A. Chapman, H. Twamley, John Kempf and George H. Kempf.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Lehman, of Garfield street, were made happy last Friday by the arrival of a lady relative whom they had never seen. She is their daughter, and when not overdressed weighs eleven pounds. The parents were delighted, of course, but would have been more so if but people can't always have things just as they want them.

Palindromes, that is to say, sentences the letters of which read the same from left to right or right to left, are just now very popular in Lansing at home gatherings. Here are several good examples. Eros saw Eve tub, but Eve was sore—Repel a leper—Was it a cat I saw—Evil did I ere I did live—Big was I ere I saw Gib—Live on, O do no evil.

A veteran at Stockbridge has a pocket knife which he claims once belonged to Jeff Davis. It is an old-fashioned horn-handled knife with a cork pulling attachment, and the present owner thinks that the late president of the C. S. A. used to find the instrument mighty handy when in congress "befo' de wa'." Another citizen has a cane given him by old Jeff.—Detroit Journal.

The average American eats twice the amount of mutton he did ten years ago, and would eat much more if he could get a good quality. The greater the attention paid to supplying the markets with well-fed animals of the best mutton breed, the more popular such food will become and the better breeding and handling have made the average fleece weigh more than it did twenty years ago.

The Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle will hold its annual meeting at the home of Mrs. M. G. Hill on Monday evening, Sept. 24th at 7:30, for the purpose of electing officers, and transacting any business that may come before the society. In a club of five the Chautauquan may be had for \$1.80. Single subscriptions will be \$2.00. All who wish to join the circle, are requested to be present.

Turkey raisers in New England, aping the Delaware peach-growers, have given out the information that the turkey crop is likely to be a failure. Doesn't the whole country know that this is the year of the seventeen-year grasshopper? Might as well urge that the colored race is starving in the season when "possums are ripe and the watermelon is a drug in the market." Turkeys and plenty of grasshoppers are a combination that was never known to be a failure.

The ladies of the Maccabees number 10,000, which number added to the Knights of the Maccabees, gives a total membership in the state of Michigan of 75,499. The total membership of the order in the country at large, including the ladies' branch, amounts to 157,049, making the Maccabees the second largest beneficiary organization in the country. The net increase in membership last year in the knights and ladies was 28,267; the net increase in tents and hives, 636.

It is estimated that there are 10,000,000 species of insects in this country, and a newspaper suggests that "a large and lively lot of bug men" should be employed in the ethnological bureau of the agricultural department. They would certainly need to be "a large and lively lot" to learn the origin, uses and habits of all these insects. There are men who have been studying one species—the mosquito—all day long and yet know nothing about it, and others who are productive of blisters and

Dr. W. A. CONLAN,
DENTIST,

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Dr. K. GREINER,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.
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PALMER & TWITCHELL,
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Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

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SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

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Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

The Parlor Barber Shop,
Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

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Everybody's
Auctioneer.

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HERALD OFFICE.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

For sale or rent, house and lot on Harrison street. Enquire of U. H. Townsend.

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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Specimen copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains best plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address: MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

ARE OFFERING:

Wool Dress Serge.....at 40c per yard
Fancy All Wool Dress Goods.....at 39c per yard
Black Serge worth \$1.00.....at 60c per yard
Black Serge worth 75c.....at 50c per yard
\$1.25 Wool Skirts.....at \$1.00

New Line

Infant's Cloaks.

New Line

Children's Cloaks.

Strachan Fur Capes sold by others for \$20.00 to \$25.00, we sell for \$10.00 to \$15.00.

Call and look over our line of Cloaks and Capes.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

WILL GIVE YOU FITS!

Who will give me fits?

WEBSTER, THE TAILOR.

Then he is the man I am looking for.

Where will I find him?

Kemp Bank Block, Chelsea, Mich.

Leading Gents' Fashion House of Western Washtenaw. Goods exactly as represented. Work guaranteed. No misfits. All goods, from best to cheapest. You get just what you bargain for, and at lowest times prices.

GEO. WEBSTER.



Special Prices

On Refrigerators,

And Ice Cream Freezers to close out. Prices on Furniture lower than ever. Walker Buggies at Factory Prices.

W. J. KNAPP.

The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

The Associated Press and many smaller news gathering agencies, a thousand active correspondents, a large force of city and special reporters, careful and thoughtful editorial writers, artists, work unceasingly day after day to produce "The Great Daily of Michigan," to say nothing of the hundreds engaged in the printing, mailing, and distribution of over 60,000 papers every day, throughout the State.

Visit the Press Room of the News when in Detroit.

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10 CENTS A WEEK.
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Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

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ALL WHO WANT JEWELRY.

OUR LOW PRICES
A GREAT SUCCESS.

AT ALMOST
WHOLESALE
PRICES.

WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
CHAINS,
CHARMS,
RINGS,
PINS,
ETC

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Additional Local.

Lawn mowers are again in order.

The M. C. Pay Car passed through here last Monday.

Mrs. Martin Clinton, of North Lake, is dangerously ill.

Miss Jennie Hudler spent a few days of last week in Detroit.

Jas. Hudler is having his building on North Main street repainted.

The roof is being put on the new Congregational church this week.

Fire did \$8,000 damage to L. H. Fields' dry goods store at Jackson last Friday.

Henry Heselschwerdt has removed to the Ames house on West Middle street.

Miss Anna Tichenor is visiting with friends in Ypsilanti and Detroit this week.

Ann Arbor has been selected as the place for the next session of the M. E. Conference.

Messrs. Otmar Andres and Howard Stannard, of Dexter, were Chelsea visitors last Sunday.

A bolt of lightning struck the M. E. church at Pinckney, recently and damaged it to the amount of \$50.

Miss Mabel Gillam, of the Chelsea House is entertaining as her guest Miss Carrie Tilletson, of Oneida, New York.

The Manchester Enterprise, which, by the way, is one of the spiciest exchanges that comes to our desk, was 27 years old last week.

The W. R. C. will give a fruit social Friday evening, Sept. 21, at the G. A. R. rooms, to which all are cordially invited. Admission 10 cents.

Mrs. Phoebe Ranolds nee Freer, of Eaton Rapids, and sister, Mrs. Sherman, of Springport, are guests of U. H. Townsend and family this week.

We clip the following from the Adrian Press: "Washtenaw county has a minister who has abed eleven hours out of the twenty-four. Must be a 'lay' minister."

The L. O. T. M. will hold their next regular meeting next Tuesday evening Sept. 25, at 7 o'clock. All turn out and hear the report of our delegate. Mrs. Jas. W. Speer.

M. J. Fanning will address the people of Chelsea and vicinity at the Town Hall Thursday evening, Sept. 20th, upon the financial, industrial and moral issues of the day. Hear him.

Rev. W. P. Considine, rector of St. Mary's church, Chelsea, will hold services at the house of Mrs. Cullen in Grass Lake, on Wednesday, September 26, 1894. The celebration of Mass will begin at 9:30 a. m.

A mission, or a course of sermons, will be given in St. Mary's church by the Redemptorist Fathers, of Detroit, beginning on Sunday, Oct. 21, 1894, and lasting one week. All are cordially invited to these services.

Of course you will visit the Fair next month, and while in town you will probably want a dozen photographs, if so, be sure and call on E. E. Shaver, the old reliable photographer, over H. S. Holmes' store. See "adv" in this issue.

Miss Mary Louise Kearney, who is well and favorably known here, and the only daughter of Mr. Ambrose Kearney, of Ann Arbor, was married Tuesday, September 18, 1894, to Mr. John Eisele, a promising young business man of that city.

Children's Day will be celebrated at St. Paul's church next Sunday evening. Revs. Neuman, of Ann Arbor, and Aldinger, of Francisco, will be present and take part in the services. In connection with the above, Wm. Breitenbach, who recently graduated from the Theological College at St. Louis, Mo., will be ordained.

A state paper reports that the only case it ever heard of where advertising didn't pay was where a burglar over-looked a large sum of money in a house that he had robbed and the papers of the next day announced the fact. The robber read the item and went back and secured the money as well as some other stuff.

The following bit of good advice comes from the Livingston Democrat: "Farmers, look out for the Russian thistle. It has got a foothold in this country. Some call it wild lettuce. It makes no difference what you call it. Farmers, fight every weed on the farm and especially anything that looks like wild lettuce, the Canada thistle, or what the agricultural papers call the Russian thistle. Keep the weeds off the farm. A stitch in time saves nine."

Last Monday evening Albert Schenk, who clerks for W. P. Schenk & Co., was found in the basement of the store in a dazed condition, with his head, knees and wrists badly bruised. He was removed to his boarding house, and as yet cannot give a clear statement as to how he was injured. He had returned from supper about fifteen minutes before he was found, and whether he fell down stairs, or down the elevator shaft is not known.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Aug. 15, 1894.

Board met in regular session.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm Bacon, President.

Trustees Present—Conkright, Schenk, Schumacher, Riemanschnieder, Pierce.

Trustees Absent—Gilbert.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Committee on Petition of J. G. Kalmbach and others reported progress.

Committee on Ordinance reported progress on petition of W. C. T. U.

PETITION OF R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO AND OTHERS.

To the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Chelsea:

Your petitioners would respectfully ask permission to construct and keep in repair a cross walk to be placed across Main street at a point opposite the North window of the Post-Office building.

Chelsea, July 16, 1894.

Armstrong & Co. L. & A. E. Winans

C. E. Whitaker F. M. McNamara

J. F. Shaver

Moved by A. Conkright and supported by A. C. Pierce that the Petition of R. S. Armstrong & Co. and others be granted, and that they be allowed to construct said cross-walk.

Carried.

Moved by A. Conkright and supported by W. P. Schenk that the Claim of Noah West for damage caused by falling on sidewalk in front of F. P. Glazier & Co's. store be referred to Ordinance Committee.

Carried.

On motion the following bills were allowed and orders to be drawn on Treasurer for the same.

C. W. Maroney, 22 loads gravel... \$11.00

B. Steinbach, 2 loads gravel..... 1.00

Chas. Heber 1/2 days work..... 62

Gilbert Martin, 6 days work..... 7.50

W. B. Sumner, 6 2-10 days work 7.75

John Greening 1 1/2 days work.... 1.88

Martin McKone, 2 days work with team..... 6.00

Martin McKone, 6 loads gravel... 3.00

Chas. VanOrden 2 days work..... 2.50

Gilbert & Crowell, insurance..... 1.72

W. B. Sumner, 10 days work..... 12.50

Gilbert Martin 10 days work.... 12.50

Rush Green, salary for July..... 30.00

Elmer Bates, repairing pump..... 2.00

Thomas Wilkinson, repairs for road scraper..... 8.13

Thomas Wilkinson, 22 loads gravel 11.00

A. Allison, printing sidewalk notices..... 2.50

James Wade, 1 days work..... 1.25

Chas. E. Letts, 6 loads gravel..... 3.00

Wm. Denman, cartage 14 loads.... 2.80

On motion Board adjourned.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Excursion.

German American Catholic Congress, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 24, Oct. 1, 1894. A rate of one lowest first-class limited fare for round trip. Children five years of age and under twelve, one-half adult rate.

Tickets sold Sept. 23 to 25, inclusive, good only on date of sale. Good to return not later than Oct. 1, 1894.

Seventh Day Adventists camp meeting, Lansing, Mich., September 1894. A rate of one and one-half cents per mile in each direction for the round trip is authorized for the above occasion. Dates of sale Sept. 17, 18, 19, 25 and 26, good to return until Oct. 3, 1894.

Washtenaw County Fair, Ann Arbor, Sept. 25 to 29, one lowest first-class local fare for the round trip between Jackson and Detroit. Good to return Sept. 29, 1894.

Chelsea Fair, Chelsea, Oct. 9 to 12, one lowest first class local fare for round trip between Jackson and Ypsilanti. Good to return Oct. 13, 1894.

Wanted.

A lady who has two or three hours leisure each day can make money by helping me in my business. Address, Nettie E. Taylor, Manchester, Mich., Manager Branch Office of Miss Mildred Miller's Enchanting Dew of Roses for the Complexion.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

Fresh

Baltimore Oysters

Daily

AT

Beissel & Staffan's.

Grand Opening

- OF -

Millinery!

Having returned from Detroit with a full line of Fall Millinery in all the Latest Styles and Colors. I cordially invite the ladies of Chelsea and surrounding country to to call and examine my stock before buying Fall or Winter goods.

Yours for low prices and latest styles.

ELLA M. CRAIG,

Over H. S. Holmes' store.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, - MICHIGAN.

ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT.



Great time and money saved. A necessity during hard times and a convenience always. The best outfit ever offered for home use for repairing boots, shoes, rubber boots, coats, harness, wire fences, and hundreds of things which constantly need attention. Full instructions sent with each outfit so that a boy can use them. Money saved is money made. These tools pay for themselves many times every year. Complete shoe repair outfit, including iron lasts and standard, and everything necessary for complete work—25 articles only \$2.00. See cut. Extra tools, etc., for harness work—33 articles, \$3.00. Either outfit by express or freight, neatly boxed, on receipt of price. The one ordering the first set in a place secures the agency and makes large profits. No goods until paid for. Address, ECONOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Hiram, Ohio.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

On a territory about the area of Montana Japan supports 40,000,000 people in comparative comfort. Reckoning our own area at twenty-four times that of Japan, this country at that rate would support 960,000,000 people.

A PATENT has just been taken out for glasses and mugs with a quicksilver thermometer, in order to enable the drinker to determine which temperature of the liquid will be most agreeable to his taste and most beneficial for his health.

It is not generally known that when a person falls into the water a common felt hat can be made use of as a life preserver. By placing the hat upon the water, rim down with the arm around it, pressing it slightly to the breast, it will bear a man up for hours.

A BICYCLE ambulance is one of the latest inventions, and consists of a bicycle with an ambulance attached. The stretcher is fastened to the top of the bicycle, and the wounded or sick person lying on the stretcher can then be rolled along in a gentle and safe manner.

A NOVELTY in hospitals will soon be found in the Austrian town of Baden. It has just voted a credit of \$10,000 for the benefit of rheumatic horses. The equine patients are to have sulphur baths erected for their treatment, in which it is hoped that wonderful cures will be effected.

Two hours' effort of a common laborer, says Edward Atkinson, in the September Forum, in one of our seaboard cities, who earns for his service twenty-five cents an hour, will pay the cost of moving 1,000 miles the barrel of flour that yielded him his daily bread for a year.

EX-SENATOR WARREN'S Wyoming ranch is 75 by 100 miles and is stocked with 2,000 horses, 15,000 cattle and 120,000 sheep. The sheep are divided into bunches of 8,000 to 10,000, and driven from place to place, or rather, herded for a short-time in one place, the herders living in movable houses built on wagons.

LORD ROSEBERY says that as soon as the story of his sleeplessness reached the newspapers, after he entered Gladstone's cabinet, he was deluged with cures. One of the first, and what seemed to him the easiest, was to sip before going to bed a tumbler of hot water. He tried it, and since has had no further trouble of the kind.

THE island of St. Helena, where Napoleon passed so many years of his life in banishment, is to become a health resort. Since the opening of the Suez canal the inhabitants have suffered severely from a money point of view, as fewer ships touch there than in former years. The people want some other source of income and have adopted this plan.

COUNT HIROBUMI Ito, the prime minister of Japan, and actual head of the empire, is a very able statesman, the equal in the estimation of many, of Li Hung Chang. One writer compares him with Alexander Hamilton. He has rare administrative talent, great skill in management, and it is to him that Japan owes her recent progress in civilization.

MUCH of the fine fruit which is sold on the street stands as a California product comes in reality from Oregon, and the natives of the latter state are beginning to grow jealous of their big sister stealing their thunder. An Oregon man, now in New York, says that all the best Oregon fruit is bought by Californians and shipped east as a California product.

PEOPLE who are disposed to grumble about high prices should be thankful that they do not live in the town of Forty Mile Creek, on the Yukon river, Alaska. The town is the largest in the placer gold mining district, and flour sells for 17 cents a pound, while bacon brings 40 cents, beans are firm at 20 cents, butter is strong at 75 cents, and dried fruit is worth 25 cents a pound.

PAUPERISM has greatly declined in England since 1871. The proportion of child paupers has changed from 5 to 2.3 per cent., that of the able-bodied from 1.4 to .5 per cent., and that of the old paupers (above sixty) from 21.5 to 13.7 per cent. of the population of the several ages. Since 1858 the paupers who are not able-bodied have decreased not only relatively, but absolutely, by 30,000.

Among the interesting books of the future to be issued from the government printing office is a history of the Six Nations, compiled and written by experts in the bureau of ethnology. It will be fully illustrated and will contain full vocabularies of the words of the Mohawks, Senecas, Oneidas, Onondagas, Cayugas, etc. It will also contain the story of the Iroquois religion, manner of worship and social customs. It will constitute a valuable addition to literature that is essentially American.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Heroes of the Late War Assembled in Pittsburgh.

Two Impressive Parades - Naval Veterans Elect Officers - Some Interesting Statistics - A Commander in Chief Chosen - The Ladies' Organizations.

OLD SALTS IN LINE.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 12. - The full forces of the Grand Army are in the city and have complete possession. The parade of the naval veterans took place Monday. Over 1,000 men



COL. THOMAS G. LAWLER.

under the command of Rear Admiral J. B. Osborn were in line. The old salts were cheered all along the line of march, which extended through the principal downtown streets, along Fifth avenue and Smithfield street and over to Allegheny.

Parade of the Land Heroes.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 12. - Forty thousand men who fought to save the union marched through the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. The old familiar war tunes, to which they

this way for the six months ending December 31, 1893, the sum of \$100,486.03 and for the six months ending June 30, 1894, \$103,294.07, a total for the year of \$203,780.10.

The twenty-seven departments reporting give the following statistics: Number of soldiers' and sailors' graves decorated by posts, 233,358; number of soldiers and sailors buried during the year ending last Memorial day, 4,622; cemetery lots owned by posts, 532; number of soldiers and sailors buried in potter's fields, 732; unmarked by proper headstones, 10,232; number of posts holding Sunday memorial services, 2,225; number of posts holding Memorial day exercises, 2,232; number of comrades who took part in the exercises, 182,106.

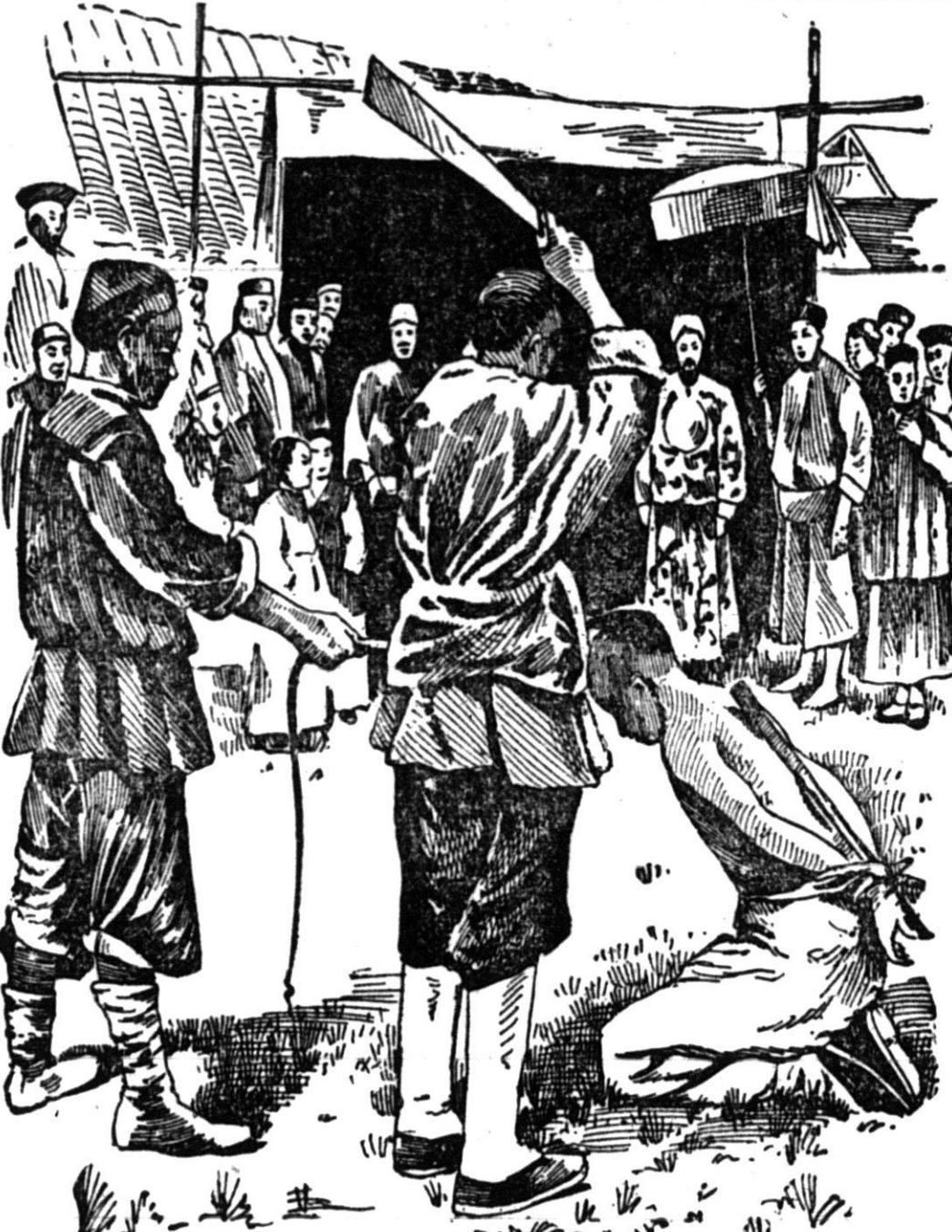
Will Meet Next at Louisville.

Henry Watterson delivered an address urging the claims of Louisville, Ky., to the next encampment. The oration tendered Mr. Watterson at the conclusion of his effort for his own city was a magnificent tribute to the eloquence and feeling of the representative selected by Louisville. It was properly voiced later by the unanimous decision of the heads of the grand army to break over a precedent and take the next national encampment into the erstwhile enemy's country south of Mason and Dixon's line, to Louisville.

G. A. R. Officers.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 14. - After one of the most heated contests in the history of the order Col. Thomas G. Lawler, of Rockford, Ill., has been elected commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, defeating his only opponent, Col. Ivan N. Walker, of Indianapolis, by the narrow majority of 11 in a total vote of 649.

The other elections for national board positions were soon settled, as there were but few contests and all were withdrawn before taking the



EXECUTION OF A CHINESE SOLDIER.

When Japan declared war against China, the emperor of the latter country issued an edict making desertion from the army a capital offense. Our illustration shows the peculiar manner in which one of the offenders was punished for showing the white feather.

and their comrades rushed to victory or to death, filled the air and echoed back from the surrounding hills. The music made their hearts beat as in the stirring times of thirty years ago, and brought the flush of patriotism and courage to their cheeks. But while they stepped out boldly and bravely, they could not straighten their bent forms nor conceal their gray hairs and furrowed cheeks.

Election of Officers.

The National Association of Naval Veterans met during the morning and elected the following officers: Commodore, Will E. Atkins, Cincinnati; captain and shipmate, George C. Ireland, Brooklyn; commander, S. W. Shaw, Zanesville, O.; lieutenant commander, J. J. Gilman, Boston.

The Gavel Falls.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 14. - There were no vacant seats in the Grand opera house Wednesday morning when, the twenty-eighth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic was opened formally. Precisely at that hour Commander in Chief John G. B. Adams tapped the table with his gavel of cedar and gold and declared the encampment opened. Gov. Pattison gave welcome to the delegates in behalf of the state.

These exercises over, the encampment went into executive session and the delegates settled down to listen to the reports of the national officers. The closest attention was paid to the annual address of the commander in chief, upon a large number of topics.

Various Department Statements.

The report of James F. Meech, adjutant general, shows a decrease of 400 posts during the last year, or at least the lack of reports from that number of posts. According to the figures given, there was expended in charity

ballot. The successful candidates were: Maj. A. P. Burchfield, senior vice commander in chief, of Pittsburgh; Charles H. Shute, junior vice commander in chief, of New Orleans; O. W. Weeks, surgeon general in chief, of Marion, O.; Rev. T. H. Haggerty, chaplain in chief, of Missouri.

The Ladies' Organizations.

The Daughters of Veterans met during the morning and elected officers. Mrs. Ellen M. Walker, of Worcester, Mass., was chosen president.

The Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic met and received greetings from the other women's organizations here. The national inspector, Mrs. Mary E. Gordan, of Kansas, reported that the organization has over 10,000 members and has expended \$35,000 during the year.

Mrs. Emma Wallace, of Rockford, Ill., was elected president.

Grand Illumination.

As a fitting close to the magnificence and splendor of the event came the last thing on the official programme, the fireworks and general illumination Thursday night. The entertainment was of a magnificent sort. Every decoration and illumination was displayed to the best advantage by thousands of dazzling lights. The mammoth mottoes "Grand Army of the Republic welcome" placed on the great hills overlooking each city, were lighted. Search lights, operated from points of equal vantage, swept the city with their piercing rays, while the climax was reached by the thousands of private illuminations on all the principal streets.

The fireworks were set off from a barge moored in the center of the Monongahela river, near its junction with the Allegheny, set pieces being erected on the opposite bank.

OWENS WINS.

On the Face of the Returns Breckinridge Is Beaten.

The Colonel Refuses to Acknowledge His Defeat, and May Contest the Result of the Primary - A Memorable Contest.

THE VOTE.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 17. - In the primaries of the Seventh congressional district Saturday W. C. Owens is believed to have secured a safe majority of the delegates. The vote was about as follows so far as the returns already received indicate:

COUNTY.	Owens.	Breckinridge.	Settle.
Bourbon.....	1,030	1,151	58
Fayette.....	1,812	1,976	480
Franklin.....	1,516	995	288
Henry.....	468	857	609
Oldham.....	407	243	265
Owen.....	229	1,143	1,399
Scott.....	1,824	685	168
Woodford.....	811	688	141
Totals.....	8,097	7,687	3,429

Owens plurality, 410.

Breckinridge leaders claim that in Scott county Owens received many fraudulent votes, as 600 more democrats voted in this county Saturday than at the last election. Desha Breckinridge said he was confident of his father's election. Said he: "I cannot give out a statement by counties, but our latest reports reduce Owens' plurality to 141. I am sure that the count will be given us by the district committee when it meets. If it does not I am not prepared to say what will follow; may be a contest." There was a report Saturday afternoon that Owens, Settle and Breckinridge would each issue a card to the public. This was on the theory that Breckinridge was about to contest the election. Breckinridge absolutely refuses to talk. The most thorough investigation failed to find ground for the rumor. Everybody is thoroughly tired of the fierce contest that terminated in the primaries.

A notable indication here is the doffing of Breckinridge badges and the donning of Owens badges by the most ardent young men who supported Breckinridge throughout the campaign with their money and their personal services. These men say that they went to the election Saturday, believing that every voter at the primaries was morally bound to support the nominee. Now that their favorite for whom they fought so valiantly seems to have suffered defeat they feel in honor bound to support his opponent.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 17. - Breckinridge men here are reluctant to acknowledge their defeat. Some of them are still claiming the nomination of Col. Breckinridge by a small majority. They base their hopes of contesting the election on the fact that the Owens county vote fell off 500 from last fall. Chairman Gains, of the Breckinridge committee here, went to Lexington to consult with party leaders there. Owens men claim the nomination by 241 votes.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 17. - News has been received here of a double killing in Lockport, 12 miles from Eminence, in Henry county. Jim Hoskins, an Owens man, and Wallace, a Breckinridge man, had a fight at the polls. Hoskins shot Wallace, after which Wallace drew a knife and stabbed his opponent repeatedly. Wallace is dead and Hoskins cannot recover.

PARIS, Ky., Sept. 17. - At Riddles Mills, this county, at 7 o'clock Sunday morning Ben Duval shot and fatally wounded Ed Faulkner, aged 23. The trouble originated over the former challenging the latter's vote at the election Saturday.

The most eventful primary in the history of Kentucky, if not the entire country, was the one of Saturday when a democratic candidate for congress was chosen for the Ashland district. It has been a remarkable campaign, and has attracted attention by reason of the fact that the principal candidate had been a representative of this district for ten years, was considered one of the most polished orators of the land, and that he had fallen. When the sensational charges were brought against him by Madeline Pollard hundreds of his best friends believed he would not make the race; and when the trial was decided against him they were surprised and shocked when he announced his determination to ask the people to return him to congress. Then followed the uprising of the people in May and June, when they held indignation meetings.

The women took up the fight and pushed it until the last hour. They have made the fight in their churches, in their public meetings, on the streets, in the stores and in their homes. They have allowed no opportunity to escape them and fought Breckinridge with that same determination and heroism that marked the pioneer women of Kentucky, when they helped their fathers and sons to fight the Indians.

The Breckinridges have talked of them in every way: called them brazen female politicians, referred to them as short-haired women, have said they would better be at home attending to their children and household duties, but nothing deterred these noble women. They braved all censure and even faced the tongue of slander to carry out the work of retiring from congress the present representative.

They have gone out among the people and have collected many hundreds of dollars to aid Mr. Owens in his campaign. They regarded it as a fight for the honor of their homes, for the purity of their sons and daughters. It was a woman's war and nothing but a woman's war could have awakened such widespread and self-sacrificing opposition to the former idol of Kentucky.

Saturday morning at 11 o'clock the good women of Lexington held a prayer meeting in Morrison chapel, at which Elders McGarvey, Jones and Dr. Bartlett offered prayers, Rev. Mr. Ward, of the Episcopal church, read lessons from the Bible. It was one of the most solemn religious services ever seen in Lexington, and the earnestness of those engaged in it indicated the strong feeling against the return of Col. Breckinridge.

BLAZING OIL.

Sixteen Passengers on a Train in Wisconsin Badly Burned.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept. 17. - A freight train on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, which left Eau Claire at 12 o'clock Friday night, was derailed 2 miles west of Hammond early Saturday morning. The train comprised two oil cars. One oil tank took fire and exploded at the time of the accident. A car of coal and the caboose also burned. The track was blockaded and the limited passenger for Chicago leaving here at 5 a. m. was run to Minneapolis by way of Spooner. The worst incident of the wreck occurred at 10:45 a. m. while the passenger train from Minneapolis was waiting west of the scene of the accident. The whole train load of passengers were passing around the wreck to take a train on the other side, when the other oil tank in the wreck exploded. The fragments of the tank whizzed through the air like bombshells and a shower of burning oil fell upon the frightened people. The list of injured is as follows:

John Belwick, of Minneapolis, back, hands and face badly burned; William Conroy, of Ellsworth, hands badly burned; Robert B. Clark, of Chippewa Falls, neck and head scorched; S. U. Curtis, of Milwaukee Sentinel, neck burned; U. R. Dickey, of Cleveland, O., hair burned off, hands badly burned; — Fredericks, conductor, hands badly burned while rescuing passengers; Edward Gardner, of Hammond, hands badly burned; John Hoagland, of Hudson, hands burned; C. Bromberg, of Neillsville, head burned and clothes scorched; Levy W. Myers, of Wapello, Ia., American consul to Victoria, B. C., hands and face burned; Mrs. W. J. Notting, of Menominee, hands slightly burned; Olaf Oswald, station master, hands, face and body burned; H. Rudiger, of Menominee, hands and face burned, clothes burned off; Ed. Syverson, section hand, badly burned; T. J. Watkins, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, knocked down by the explosion, head scorched; unknown old man, very seriously burned.

No one had supposed that there was any danger that the tank would blow up, as the oil had been burning for some time. The tank contained about 6,000 gallons of oil. Messrs. Dickey and Rudiger and an elderly man, whose name could not be learned, were the most seriously injured. Mr. Rudiger's clothes were all burned from his body. The hands of several of the injured were so badly burned that the flesh peeled off.

BOTH ARE DEAD.

Texas Editors Kill Each Other at Gatesville - A Bystander Shot.

WACO, Tex., Sept. 17. - At Gatesville terminus of the Cotton belt, 43 miles west of here, a fatal street duel took place between J. L. Goodman, editor of the People's Voice, and B. C. Armstrong, editor of the Star, both weekly papers. The duel grew out of a personal controversy in the papers over the Ed Cash lynching of a few months ago. The two men opened fire on each other just as they met in front of Goodman's office. Goodman was shot through the heart and Armstrong through the bowels, both dying at once. J. G. Beeman, a bystander, was fatally wounded in the neck by a stray shot. All leave families and all are well known in this section of the state.

Beeman, the bystander who was wounded, is still alive. He says that Armstrong was passing the office of the People's Voice, of which Goodman was editor, and he (Beeman) called to him, saying: "I want to see you." As Armstrong approached Beeman, Goodman came forward and said: "I want to see you, too, Armstrong." This had hardly been said when Armstrong pulled his revolver and fired. Beeman's back was turned to Goodman and he is unable to say whether or not Goodman made any demonstration as Armstrong approached.

BASEBALL.

Standing of the Clubs in the Championship Contests.

The following table shows the number of games won and lost this season by clubs of the National Baseball league:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore.....	80	37	.684
New York.....	79	42	.658
Boston.....	77	42	.647
Philadelphia.....	68	50	.576
Brooklyn.....	65	54	.545
Cleveland.....	61	57	.513
Pittsburgh.....	58	60	.492
Chicago.....	53	68	.438
Cincinnati.....	51	69	.425
St. Louis.....	48	72	.400
Washington.....	42	79	.347
Louisville.....	33	86	.277

Western league:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Sioux City.....	71	46	.607
Kansas City.....	68	51	.571
Minneapolis.....	62	54	.534
Toledo.....	59	53	.527
Grand Rapids.....	59	61	.492
Indianapolis.....	63	64	.498
Detroit.....	67	67	.500
Milwaukee.....	44	70	.386

Western association:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Rock Island.....	69	48	.590
Lincoln.....	66	52	.559
Peoria.....	66	53	.555
Jacksonville.....	62	54	.532
Omaha.....	61	57	.517
St. Joseph.....	62	61	.508
Des Moines.....	51	68	.429
Quincy.....	40	78	.339

MANY CHINESE DROWN.

A Fatal Panic Among the Shipwrecked Troops.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 17. - Six survivors of the persons aboard the Chinese transport Cheung, which stranded in the Che Tung pass recently with 1,400 troops on board, while on her way to the Island of Formosa, have arrived here. It was first announced that, in spite of the panic which prevailed on board the transport after she went ashore, all the troops and crew were saved in the ship's boats. But the six persons who have reached Shanghai say that they estimate that about 200 soldiers were drowned in the Che Tung pass.

FOR FIRE SUFFERERS.

The St. Paul & Duluth Land in Forty and Eighty Acre Tracts.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 12.—The St. Paul & Duluth Railway company has made an offer to any of the fire sufferers who may desire to locate on the railroad. Monday President Hayes, General Manager Plough, Land Commissioner Clark and Attorney Dunn called on the governor and formally offered to sell land to actual settlers in forty to eighty acre tracts, the first payment coming after two years. But if at the end of that time the purchaser has forty acres under cultivation and a dwelling-house actually occupied, the full first payment, being one-third of the whole, will be canceled. Any money given the purchaser by the relief commission and applied on improvements will also be accredited as payment. The same terms will also apply to those fire sufferers who have already purchased St. Paul & Duluth lands. The effect of this is to give these lands to actual settlers and hold up an inducement for their cultivation, but to discourage any possible speculation in the free lands.

TRAGEDY AT CHESTNUT, ILL.

Isaac T. Wolcott Kills His Wife and Commits Suicide.

LINCOLN, Ill., Sept. 14.—Eva Wolcott, the wife of a wealthy Logan county farmer, was murdered at noon Wednesday near Chestnut by her husband, who then shot himself. Isaac Wolcott was a son of Nelson Wolcott, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of this county, and lived on his farm of over 400 acres near Chestnut and 15 miles southeast of this city. He is reputed to be worth \$35,000, and was a stout, robust man 40 years of age. His wife was Narcissa Eva, the only daughter of the late John Michener, formerly a grain dealer at Chestnut and a highly respected citizen. The couple had three children—two boys, Roscoe and Oscar, and a girl, Ruby, whose ages are from 9 to 9 years.

EATING THEIR PONIES.

Chinese Soldiers in Korea Are Said to Be Starving.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 12.—It is reported that the Chinese forces are cornered in northern Korea without supplies and are killing their ponies for food. The Japanese forces north of Seoul are suffering from the effects of the rain. Much sickness is also reported to prevail in the Chinese camp. It is rumored that 38,000 Chinese troops are encamped on the north bank of the River Imchin, waiting for favorable weather to attack the Japanese position a few miles south of Imchin. It is reported on good local authority that the mikado of Japan, accompanied by the minister of war and marine and his general staff, is proceeding to Heroshama, a point where the troops of Japan gather to embark.

CLUBBED HIM TO DEATH.

Aged Pensioner Killed at Dayton in a Quarrel with His Paramour.

DAYTON, O., Sept. 12.—Ben T. Travis, aged 55, a pensioner, and Julia A. Batten, aged 54, his paramour, engaged in a quarrel with fatal results. The woman used a club on Travis, inflicting wounds about the head, from which he died a few hours later. She gave herself up to the police and claimed that the blows were struck in defending herself from his drunken brutality. They lived near the Soldiers' home.

Cyclone in Tennessee.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 14.—North Memphis was struck by a tornado at noon Wednesday and nearly wiped off the face of the earth. One man was killed and several others injured, who may die. It was 12 o'clock when the barometer of the weather bureau recorded a local disturbance. A dark cloud that resembled in appearance and action a big balloon with a rope tied to it began to descend, and wherever it came close to the earth destroyed everything in its path. The greatest damage was done along Wolf river, which is occupied by box factories, sawmills and veneering factories.

Robbed a Bank.

HOPESTON, Ill., Sept. 14.—The Citizens' bank at Rossville was robbed of \$10,000 at noon Wednesday as systematically as the Dalton gang could have done it and much less tragically. Rossville is an important grain-buying point on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad and large amounts of money are sometimes in the bank for the elevators to check on. The rainy weather of the last week has made grain-buying slow and the money accumulated in the country banks.

Prominent Financiers Arrested.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 17.—Charged with misapplying \$50,000 of the funds of the Middletown national bank of Middletown, which failed last week, Charles P. Raymond and his brother, Edward Raymond, the cashier, were arrested by Deputy Marshal Anderson. The bankers furnish \$20,000 bail each for a hearing.

Run Through by a Pitchfork.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Sept. 12.—Oscar Johnson, a young farmer living near Bismarck, fell from a haystack and was impaled on a pitchfork, his death resulting.

BROUGHT TO LIGHT.

Sensational Disclosures Regarding Plankinton Bank Failure.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 13.—There were more sensational developments Tuesday in regard to the manner in which the Plankinton bank was managed, and no less a personage than Judge James G. Jenkins, of the federal bench, is very much involved. The national notoriety gained by Judge Jenkins by reason of the famous Northern Pacific strike injunction, and his general attitude in relation to Northern Pacific and other corporations will make this disclosure of national importance. The minutes of the directors' meetings held just previous to the failure of the bank were read in court by ex-Congressman La Follette, and they clearly demonstrated that Judge Jenkins was not so ignorant of the way in which affairs were being managed as his friends and attorneys have maintained.

The bank failed in May, 1893, and the records show that April 24 a meeting was held and upon motion of Director (Judge) Jenkins, Lappen was accorded an overdraft of \$3,000 and given a certificate of deposit for three months of \$15,000. Long before the failure Lappen & Co. were under examination, but Director Jenkins was always found on the side of the big borrower and his friend, President Day. Meetings of the directors were held April 3, 7 and 10 and in each Judge Jenkins took a prominent part. Instead of being a merely figurehead director, as his friends have claimed, he was very much interested in the management of the business.

The disclosures cannot fail to cause a sensation, and Judge Jenkins will again appear before the public.

RECIPROCITY WITH CUBA.

Duties to Be Reimposed on American Products—Official Notice.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Consul General Williams at Havana under date of August 24 has sent a dispatch to Acting Secretary of State Uhl, a copy of which has been transmitted to Secretary Carlisle, giving the translation of a telegram received on the day previous by the governor-general of Cuba from the minister of the colonies at Madrid, directing the latter to replace the duties on American products in that island and in Porto Rico as soon as the new tariff bill went into operation.

This is the first official notification received by the treasury department of the restoration of duties by any country which was a party to the reciprocity agreement provided for by the McKinley law. This action of the Spanish government will reimpose duties on many articles exported to Cuba from the United States, including meats in brine, bacon, hams, lard, tallow, fish, oats, starch, cottonseed oil, hay, fruits, woods of all kinds, agricultural implements, petroleum, ice and coal and restores the reductions made on corn, wheat, flour, butter, boots and shoes.

MANY HOUSES BURNED.

Supposed Incendiary Fire Devastates 20 Acres of Dalton.

MASSILLON, O., Sept. 12.—Twenty acres in the heart of the village of Dalton, O., were devastated by fire early on Monday morning. Forty-seven houses were destroyed. The insurance is almost nothing. Assistance was sent by special train from Massillon, Orville and Canton. The village water supply was soon exhausted, and then wells and cisterns were emptied. Early in the morning a welcome rain began to fall and the flames began to die out. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

The fire originated in a stable, and while the direct cause of its origin is unknown it is presumed it was prompted by tramps taking quarters there for the night. The entire loss is estimated at \$250,000, the heaviest losers being the Royal Insurance company. The post office and its entire contents were included in the flames.

The citizens are frantic with grief over the loss of their business blocks and residences, and homeless women and children are seen on every corner crying bitterly. All the telegraph wires were burned down, and the only communication with the outside world is by train.

Robert J.'s New Record.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 17.—Friday was the greatest record-breaking day ever recorded for any track. Robert J. paced a mile in 2:01 1/2, smashing the world's record, which he made himself at Indianapolis. Carbonate lowered the 2-year-old pacing record from 2:10 to 2:09. John R. Gentry made the stallion record for pacers 2:03 1/2, making the mark in a race. Directly tied Carbonate's record of 2:10 for 2-year-old pacers made earlier in the week. Joe Patchen paced the mile in 2:04, beating the stallion record of 2:05 1/2, which had been held good until earlier in the day, when Gentry set the new mark and "Sweet Little" Alix trotted a mile in 2:04 1/2.

Shot by Two Brothers.

HALLWOOD, Va., Sept. 17.—John H. Fisher was shot and instantly killed Thursday night by William and Arthur Wright, brothers. Fisher accused William Wright of setting fire to his fodder stacks. Wright called him a liar. Fisher withdrew and went home. Wright, supposing he had gone for a gun, secured the assistance of his brother Arthur. As Fisher reappeared they fired and he fell dead. No weapon was found on him.

THE U. S. Government Chemists have reported, after an examination of the different brands, that the ROYAL Baking Powder is absolutely pure, greatest in strength, and superior to all others.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 WALL ST. NEW-YORK.

The Task of Life.
It is not death but life I fear!
If all the other things were done,
'Twere not so hard at last to hear
The summons of the sunset gun.

But all the chance, the seeming fate,
Dull and unconscious, hold us back;
When I have conquered these, I'll wait
In patience for the last attack.
—P. H. Savage, in Youth's Companion.

Everybody Is Going South Now-a-Days.

The only section of the country where the farmers have made any money the past year is in the South. If you wish to change you should go down now and see for yourself. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad and connections will sell tickets to all points South for trains of October 2, November 6 and December 4, at one fare round trip. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or Geo. L. Cross, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Potts—"You have just been thrown out of work, eh?" Everett West—"Scuse me, I didn't say I'd been thrown out of work; I said I had been thrown out of work—workhouse, see?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Cures That Faith Won't Effect.

Are brought about by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, foremost among American family remedies. Rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, liver complaint, malaria and nervous conditions succumb to this reliable remedy. It does its benign work thoroughly, and those who use it reap a fruitful harvest of health. Physicians of the first standing commend it.

The man who was "waiting for something to turn up," proposed to a sensible girl, and didn't like it a bit when she turned up her nose at him.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

Monday, September 17, comic opera, "Athena, or The False Prophet." An entirely new and original mystic satire in two acts. Libretto by John O'Keefe, music by Leonard Wales. Seats secured by mail.

LETTER carriers may be seen collecting letters at midnight, but this doesn't explain why some late mailers don't arrive till near morning.—Philadelphia Times.

"This is very alarming," said the old man, as he got up at four o'clock in the morning and threw the humming clock over into the next yard.—Syracuse Post.

"Miss PENSACRATCH tells me her employer is as thoughtful as an own brother would be." Madge—"Dear me, he doesn't look as though he could be so disagreeable as that."

AS TO RELATIVES.—Little—"Have you any distant relatives?" Mutch—"No; mine are all near enough to visit me at a moment's notice."—Detroit Free Press.

"GARLAND" Stoves and Ranges are no higher in price than the worthless imitations. Ask to see them.

"This is an awfully irregular watch. Do you expect to go by it?" Jims—"Jupiter, no; I expect to go pawn it."

Quite naturally, it is the man of seasoned intellect and ripe experience who does not seem fresh.

The desire of a boy to be just like his father doesn't extend to wearing his father's made-over clothes.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for Coughs, Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Young people who have courted in society go on bridal trips to see how they like each other.

Give others justice and if you are able and kind you might do a little more than that for them.—Galveston News.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Is taken internally. Price 75c.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle.....	\$2 25 @ 5 30
Sheep.....	2 15 @ 3 25
Hogs.....	6 25 @ 6 55
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	3 30 @ 3 60
City Mills Patents.....	4 00 @ 4 15
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	57 1/2 @ 58 1/2
No. 1 Northern.....	62 1/2 @ 63
CORN—No. 2.....	64 @ 64 1/2
September.....	62 1/2 @ 63
OATS—No. 2.....	34 @ 35
RYE—State.....	53 @ 54
PORK—Mess, New.....	15 50 @ 16 00
LARD—Western.....	9 15 @ 9 20
BUTTER—Western Creamery.....	15 @ 15 1/2
Western Dairy.....	13 @ 17
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Shipping Steers.....	\$3 10 @ 6 25
Cows.....	1 25 @ 3 00
Stockers.....	1 90 @ 2 75
Feeders.....	2 60 @ 3 35
Butchers' Steers.....	2 65 @ 3 35
Hogs.....	1 50 @ 3 25
Bulls.....	6 45 @ 6 75
SHEEP.....	1 40 @ 3 00
BUTTER—Creamery.....	14 @ 24
Dairy.....	12 1/2 @ 20
EGGS—Fresh.....	15 @ 16
BROOM CORN (per ton)—	
Self Working.....	80 00 @ 90 00
New Dwarf.....	110 00 @ 115 00
All Hurl.....	90 00 @ 110 00
POTATOES (per bu.).....	65 @ 82
PORK—Mess.....	8 80 @ 8 85
LARD—Steam.....	3 20 @ 3 50
FLOUR—Spring Patents.....	2 20 @ 2 60
Spring Straights.....	2 20 @ 2 60
Winter Patents.....	2 20 @ 2 60
Winter Straights.....	2 20 @ 2 60
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red.....	54 1/2 @ 55 1/2
Corn, No. 2.....	58 1/2 @ 60 1/2
Oats, No. 2.....	30 1/2 @ 30 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	47 @ 47 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	55 @ 55 1/2
LUMBER.	
Piece Stuff.....	6 00 @ 9 25
Joists.....	12 25 @ 12 50
Timbers.....	9 75 @ 10 00
Hemlock.....	6 25 @ 6 50
Lath, Dry.....	1 70 @ 1 75
Shingles.....	1 25 @ 2 00
CATTLE—TEXAS STEERS.	
Native Steers.....	\$2 00 @ 2 25
HOGS.....	4 75 @ 5 35
SHEEP.....	2 50 @ 3 00
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers.....	\$3 00 @ 4 00
Feeders.....	2 25 @ 2 65
HOGS.....	5 40 @ 6 30
SHEEP.....	2 50 @ 3 10

THE ROYAL BAKING POWDER

FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE **SUNPASTE STOVE POLISH**

FOR AN AFTER DINNER SHINE, OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS, WITH A CLOTH MAKES NO DUST, IN 5 & 10 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PASTE. MORSE BROS. PROPS. CANTON, MASS.

LUCY—"Miss Aylett is not at all pleased with that notice of her in Sunday's paper." Jack—"Why, they spoke of her as a handsome brunette." Lucy—"But they published her picture."—Harlem Life.

DOCTOR—"The pellets I left were to produce sleep. Did they have that effect?" Patient—"Yes, indeed; the nurse never wakened once during the night."



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received SPECIAL AND HIGHEST AWARDS

on all their Goods at the

CALIFORNIA MIDWINTER EXPOSITION.

Their BREAKFAST COCOA, which, unlike the Dutch Process, is made without the use of alkali or other chemicals or dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

A. N. K-A 1518

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

THE ONWARD MARCH

of Consumption is stopped short by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If you haven't waited beyond reason, there's complete recovery and cure. In those scrofulous conditions of the blood which invite Consumption; in severe, lingering Coughs, and Weak Lungs, this medicine is a proved remedy.

Mrs. SARAH S. SNEED, of Ohio, writes: "My daughter was first attacked with pneumonia and pleurisy in very bad form and was then taken with a very bad cough, which kept growing worse and worse, until finally it seemed as though she had consumption very bad. The physicians prescribed Cod liver oil, but to no benefit. I procured two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and she grew better. She hasn't felt any return of lung disease in over twelve months. She was nothing but a skeleton when she took the first dose, and to-day she weighs 135 pounds."



MISS M. H. SNEED, grew better. She hasn't felt any return of lung disease in over twelve months. She was nothing but a skeleton when she took the first dose, and to-day she weighs 135 pounds."

"SHE KNOWS WHAT'S WHAT"



SANTA CLAUS SOAP

BECAUSE IT'S THE BEST, PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

MADE BY THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS.

SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

Here and There.

Financiers are discussing the advisability of the question of replacing the material of the bank notes and bonds with aluminum, which has already served its purpose in the manufacture of visiting cards and postal cards. It is stated that coins might be made of new metal, these coins to be worthless except so far as the guarantee of the bank is concerned in placing a value on them.

There is a personal cleanliness that, with taste in dress and grace of manner, rivals and often outshines beauty. Trifles, like glossy hair, white teeth, well kept hands, a smooth skin, redolent of health, sweet breath, fresh linen and spotless garments, go a long way towards making up the sum of personal attractiveness. All clean people are charming, but charming people are never more charming than when they are radiant with good grooming. It is some expense, but a great deal of trouble to be habitually and exquisitely neat. It pays, though, immensely.

There are many men and women who are a law unto themselves, who follow right paths and forsake crooked ones, not out of compulsion of the law or fear of social displeasure, but from the dictates of their own consciences and the general purity of their own desires. Their self-respect is dearer to them than any praise that could be showered upon them; their self-disapproval is harder to bear than society's frown or the law's penalty. Without disregarding or despising either the one or the other, they have a higher standard than either, and they cannot be content when they fall short of that.

A new industry for women has sprung up in Victoria. The government has promoted the establishment of a scent farm. In addition to cultivating the flowers, the manageress holds the classes to teach the process of extracting scent, as well as the distillation of roses, lavender and other flowers. It is intended to combine scent making with bee-keeping and poultry farming, all three affording suitable employment for women. California boasts of a number of women who own and manage large farms, and who make money and keep healthy and happy in the work.

Mr. Waltrous of the Colorado station says in regard to planting an orchard: Leave a space of three feet wide each side of the trees for cultivation and irrigation, the furrows being two feet from the tree, as water should never be allowed around the trunks. Many people meet with disappointment from the fact that the trees do not commence bearing so soon as the tree agent has given reason to believe. It must be borne in mind that apple trees, according to varieties, require from 4 to 13 years to arrive at profitable bearing. Plums require from 3 to 10 years; grapes from 3 to 5 and smaller fruits from 1 to 4 years.

Sixty years from to-day, says the Washington Post, it may be, in some great cemetery of the Nation's dead, or haply within some quiet churchyard, will be reared a mound of flowers over the grave of the last survivor of the Civil War. For, though he be a stranger among strangers, a waif upon the shore left by the receding tide, with not a comrade to bear him company, he will not be unfriended. There will be sons of veterans, grandsons of veterans, daughters and grand-daughters of veterans to guard his footsteps, to smooth his dying moments, sublimer far than those of Napoleon at St. Helena, to write his wondrous epitaph and over his ashes build a fitting monument.

"One of the most mysterious circumstances connected with the keeping of national cemeteries is a woman in black who visits them all," said E. C. Trindle, in the Cincinnati Enquirer. "I was in charge of one of these cemeteries for several years, and this woman made two visits that I know of. She never comes during the day and it is purely accidental when we learn that she has been there at all. Hiring a carriage at midnight, she will come to the wall and climbing the inclosure will search the entire cemetery by means of a dark lantern for the grave of some relative. She has never found it, but every year she makes the round of every national cemetery in the vain hope that some day she will learn where her loved one lies buried."

Such a dainty odor pervaded the sitting-room of a friend upon whom I was calling the other day, that I looked about for flowers. Seeing none, I inquired whence it came. "Great idea; all my own, too," responded the lady. "The lace curtains have just been done up as well as put up. I made the starch for them myself, and I turned in a little extract of lemon and a small half drop of oil of roses. What I used was a weakened variety; still it scents up the whole house, and, crossed with the lemon, has a varied fragrance like a bouquet. I was going to patent the process, but you'll go and put it in the paper, and every one will get it without charge." "I certainly will give my readers the benefit of any fine discovery," responded I. "So here you are."

Nowadays when a young man tells his sweetheart that she will find no change in him she may rest assured he is speaking the literal truth.

When your shoes are wet or muddy take a soft, old but clean blacking brush and brush off lightly as much of the superfluous mud as will loosen easily, then set them to dry thoroughly. When quite dry brush off the mud, taking it from every crevice with a soft bit of old merino; then wring a small sponge out of cold water and wash over the leather with a firm enough touch to remove every bit of the mud, but not sufficiently hard to remove the gloss underneath the mud. It may be necessary to moisten the sponge several times to do this, but the leather will dry again quickly. Now take a pad composed of several thicknesses of old black woolen goods and rub over and over again with the light, firm motion used by bootblacks, and you will soon bring back the original gloss. If you can perform the whole operation while the shoes are on your feet the perfect shape will be retained.

A dispatch from Stockbridge to the Jackson Citizen says: "On the north shore of Pleasant Lake in Jackson county, a cave-in on the road took place about eighteen months ago on what seemed to be hard ground. It was not thought to be much of a sink in the road. Hundreds of dollars have been spent by the commissioners of Henrietta trying to fill it up, but without any effect, as it grows larger and larger. The road has been closed up, as no bottom can be found, and whether it is an underground lake or river, no one knows. But it adds to the attractiveness of Pleasant lake, as it is only about 80 rods distant, with a high hill between them. Many climb the hill and look with wonder on the little lake that they had often traveled over, all unconscious of the fact that only a thin covering hid the water underneath. The lake now covers about 1½ acres, and still the ground seems to be settling all the time."

Did you ever watch a wasp flying near the ceiling of a country kitchen? You might think it is a useless insect and ought to be killed before it has a chance to sting anyone. A little more watching will show you that you are wrong. Wasps will help rid the place of flies. They sting the flies insensibly, carry them off to their cells and either eat them or deposit them for the young to feed on. Out of doors wasps kill the flies that injure fruit trees by laying eggs in the buds and causing ugly excrescences on the trees or worms in the fruit. In this way one thing fits into another, so that if you kill a wasp at one time of year you may find worms in your apples at another. Everything has a use if you only look for it. Toads keep insects off of garden plants, and snails act as scavengers in water. When they are put in aquariums they not only clear the water of all decaying stuff, but they keep the glass clean by crawling over it.

William Herman, a resident of Titusville, Pa., committed suicide a few days ago from a melancholy conviction that he was his own grandfather. Here is a singular letter that he left: "I married a widow who had a grown-up daughter. My father visited our house very often, fell in love with my step-daughter and married her. So my father became my son-in-law and my step-daughter my mother, because she was my father's wife. Sometime afterward my wife had a son; he was my father's brother-in-law and my uncle, for he was the brother of my step-mother. My father's wife, that is, my step-daughter, had also a son; he was, of course, my brother, and in the meantime, my grandchild, for he was the son of my daughter. My wife was my grandmother, because she was my mother's mother. I was my wife's husband and grandchild at the same time, and as the husband of one's grandmother is one's grandfather I was my own grandfather."

It has been customary to regard fresh bread and hot rolls as indigestible. But Dr. Troitski, a well-known Russian bacteriologist, claims for them a very important hygienic advantage. New and uncut bread does not contain any micro-organisms, as the heat necessary to bake the bread is sufficient to kill them all. As soon, however, as the bread is cut and allowed to lie about uncovered it begins to generate microbes not only of a harmless type, but also of a pathogenic character. White and white-meat bread is a better nutrient medium for these organisms than rye bread, on account of the greater acidity of the latter. From a series of experiments with pathogenic bacteria, Dr. Troitski has found that the bacillus of anthrax, without spores, remains alive on the crumb of white or white-meat bread for thirty to thirty-seven days, and on the crust for thirty-one to thirty-three days; the typhoid bacillus remains active twenty-five to thirty days on the crumb and twenty-six to twenty-eight days on the crust while the bacillus of cholera lives twenty-three to twenty-five days on both.

Let the Hens Scratch.

The natural food of fowls consists mostly of seeds, insects and grass. It is not a natural condition when the birds have but one kind of food, says Mirror and Farmer. The birds that build in trees and feed their young would be unable to supply them if only seeds could be provided. As the concentrated foods must be given, the variety is also to be considered. Such substances as grass and the shoots of tender herbage are intended as much for dilution of the concentrated as for the nutrition to be obtained therefrom. The work of leading her young is not incumbent on the hen by bringing the food to them, but she is intended to lead them, guide them and scratch for them. The feet of the hen perform the same duties as the wings of the flying bird, and her feet are well adapted for providing food for her young. Hence we may rightly conclude that scratching is a natural function of the domestic hen. The hen, however, performs greater work than the birds on the wing. Birds seldom lay more than two or three eggs before beginning incubation, but the hen may lay from fifteen to fifty, or even more. She must produce these eggs, as well as maintain herself. In the natural state she lays fewer eggs, but has greater difficulty in procuring food and resisting enemies. An egg is a composite substance and cannot be produced from a single article of food. The hen requires a variety of food in order to fulfill her duties as a regular and persistent layer. It is not, therefore, conclusive to egg production when the hen is deprived of her natural advantage of scratching. She does best when she is compelled to scratch and work for her food, and she will always select the kinds most suitable to her purpose. When hens are confined in enclosures they may be fed too much while in a condition of idleness. A hopper that is kept full of food where the hens can always reach it induces her to desist from work of scratching, because the necessity for so doing then ceases and she becomes too fat. Nature teaches, therefore, that hens should be so fed as to compel them to scratch and work for their food, which keeps them in health and leads to greater egg production.

Something Like a Word.

Probably the maximum in long German words is reached in one which a correspondent of the Youth's Companion, himself a German, sends by way of pendant to another long word recently printed. The correspondent vouches for it as a genuine and properly formed word, in which the material has not been strained at all in the making. It is: "Exklusivitätsherrenschneidermeisterunterlieferungsanstaltsoberaufsichtskasse."

This word, which contains seventy-seven letters, means in English: "The treasury of the direction of the establishment for furnishing patterns to master tailors making clothes for exclusively living gentlemen only."

There is one advantage about the use of words like this: One could never have occasion to regret having hastily spoken them.

That Haze.

During the latter part of this summer there was a gentle haze in the air all over the country, just a dimness and cloud, as tender and soft as the memory of departed joys. The scientists—bless 'em!—have been trying to find out what makes it. One thinks it is caused by particles of something in the atmosphere, which is a truly scientific conclusion, and he would like, he would, if some one would examine these particles under a microscope and see whether there were any diatoms among them. There might be diatoms, but the suggestion that the earth is passing through the tail of a comet has nothing in it, the scientist says—neither the tail nor the suggestion.

Now, we don't know a mortal thing about diatoms, and we don't care anything about the tails of comets, but we recommend one of these learned gentlemen to undertake to keep one little room dusted clean for one day. He will then learn more real science in 10 hours than he would get by burying his nose in pages of long words for a month. He would find that the tender haze is caused by dust in one syllable, but in unheard of quantities. There has been a drought lasting from two to four months in three-quarters of this whole country. The dry earth has become powdered fine and has been stirred up and has been rising in the atmosphere week after week. The air is almost as full of solid particles as if there had been a volcanic eruption in these parts. The dust is added to by the smoke from the forest fires that have been kindled in consequence of the awful drought. There has been so little wind that the dust knows no better than to just float around and muddle the heads of scientists. —Brighton Express.

The Parts of a Grain of Wheat.

The importance of the wheat harvest adds a timely interest to the description of the structure of the wheat grain by C. E. Bessey and E. Hyatt, of the Nebraska station (B. 32). The outer skin, or pericarp of the kernel of wheat becomes the coarsest part of the bran. The epispem, or inner double skin, is also a constituent of the coarse bran and cannot readily be separated from it. A third thin and transparent, but hard, skin is the perispem, which contains no nutritious matter whatever. There is a gluten layer which is formed of cells, closely filled with a very nutritious substance called aleurone, nearly all of which remains in the bran. In graham bread and brown bread much of this is saved to be used as a useful human food, but as the tough skins of the bran are very indigestible, and irritate the alimentary mucous membranes, the farm stock generally get the whole benefit of the nutritious aleurone. The bulk of the wheat grain is composed of a great mass of starch cells, which form the white flour, though even of this a considerable portion adjoining the aleurone or gluten layer is lost in the bran. The germ or embryo which forms the young sprout is composed of cells rich in nutritious substances, but it is usually separated from the white flour and finds its way to the bran and middlings. Considering these facts, it is not at all strange that bran forms so suitable a food for dairy cows, the heretofore organs of which can with stand the coarse material.

Of Unknown Origin.

Few inventions have had a wider or more varied usefulness than the barrel; few give such promise of perpetuity. Unique in principle, simple yet singularly perfect in plan and structure, the barrel is little less than a stroke of genius. Who set up the first one? Who first conceived the happy thought of making a vessel tight and strong out of strips of wood bound together with hoops—and when did he live? No history of inventions, none of the encyclopedias in great libraries, no historian of human progress, so far as we know, gives any reliable information on the subject. The monuments of Egypt furnish proof of the early use of hooped vessels, though no date is given of their invention. In one of the inscriptions copied by Wilkinson may be seen two slaves emptying grain from a wooden vessel made with hoops, while a scribe keeps tally, and a sweeper stands by with a broom to sweep up the scattered kernels. The measure is barrel-shaped, and precisely like that in use in modern Egypt. It would hold apparently about a peck. Unfortunately, the age of the inscription is not indicated. Measures of the sort would seem to have been in common use very early in Egypt, though not for the storing of liquids, for which purpose skins and earthen vessels were employed.

Good Things to Know.

That salt will curdle new milk, hence in preparing milk porridge, gravies, etc., the salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

That ripe tomatoes will remove ink and other stains from white cloth, also from the hands.

That a teaspoonful of turpentine boiled with white clothes will aid in the whitening process.

That boiled starch is much improved by the addition of a little sperm salt or gum arabic dissolved.

That beeswax and salt will make rusty flat irons as clean and smooth as glass. Tie a lump of beeswax in a rag and keep it for that purpose. When the irons are hot, rub them first with the wax rag, then scour with a paper or cloth sprinkled with salt.

That kerosene will soften boots and shoes that have been hardened by water, and render them as pliable as new.

That kerosene will make tin teakettles as bright as new. Saturate a woolen rag and rub with it. It will also remove stains from varnished furniture.

That cool rain and soda will remove machine grease from washable fabrics.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

Talk About Horses.

Water the horses the first thing in the morning and before each meal.

Too much hay makes a horse rough and pot-bellied.

Keep the colts growing. If the pasture get poor, give them a feed of grain in the field, and if the flies are very troublesome bring them in during the day and put them out nights.

Nothing goes so far in soothing a horse that is terrified as a kind, assuring voice. Never use the whip to cure a horse of fright. Keep cool yourself and your horse will soon gain confidence.

If a horse has an attack of colic, take him out of the stable at once so he will not bruise himself. Give him a pint of raw linseed oil at once. Bi-carbonate of soda is also good. Rub him well on the belly with wisps of straw and the hands. If taken in time this is usually a cure.

There was never so much money in raising a first-class saddle, driving or carriage horse as there is to-day.

There never was so little money in raising common nudge or scrub as there is to-day.

If the horse's feet appear tender during a dry time, soak them in a box or pail of water, or keep them packed with linseed meal slightly moistened, or wet peat moss. Frequently only the soles need soaking. This may be accomplished by standing the horse on a heavy blanket thoroughly saturated with water and folded several times.

Servants on instalments.

The American woman, when she grumbles at the generality of servants, doesn't know when she is well off. If she could spend a year at housekeeping in Guatemala she would come back to the United States and pass the rest of her life in peace and contentment.

In Guatemala the servants are either Indians or half breeds. They will live on black beans and tortillas, and as to wages, they are content for a month with what a servant girl receives here. But no American housekeeper would feel inclined to charge a servant board. You hire a Guatemala woman, for instance, as cook. Then you must hire a man to keep the fire going. If he is away, the cook will let her fire go out sooner than debase her dignity by putting on more fuel. A third servant must be furnished to put the crude articles of food into shape for handling by the cook. A fourth is needed to do all the carrying. Still another must do all the dish washing.

Altogether, a half dozen servants are needed to get an ordinary breakfast for three or four persons. A bright, intelligent sturdy servant in this country would accomplish the same feat all by herself in an hour or less. It is comparatively inexpensive to maintain a household of twelve or fifteen servants in Guatemala, but they are a terrible trial to an American woman.

Spend Your Outing On The Great Lakes.

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. Daily between Cleveland and Put in-Bay. The cabins, parlors and staterooms of these steamers are designed for the complete entertainment of humanity under home conditions; the palatial equipment, the luxury of the appointment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHMIDT, G. P. & T. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

Store to Rent.

The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. Wood. 36

A noted western cattle breeder says that "breeders have passed the time when they aim to grow steers first and then fatten them." They feed to grow and fatten along the line.